THE

Bombay Gazette.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

No. 55,400—NEW SERIES, BOMBAY:—MONDAY, JULY 31, 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
5th Aug	SALSETTE	6000	INDIA	8030
12th "	PERSIA	8000	....	....
19th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	10700
26th "	CALEDONIA	8000	....	....
2nd Sept	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
9th "	OCEANA	7000	....	....
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
23rd "	ARABIA	8000	....	....
30th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
7th Octr	EGYPT	8000	....	....
14th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
21st "	PERSIA	8000	....	....
28th "	MANTUA b	110.0	CHINA	8000

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipp to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

b The "MANTUA" proceeds direct to LONDON via MALTA and passengers for MARSEILLES transhipp at PORTSAID to the "CHINA."

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

6th Jan.	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
13th "	PERSIA	8000	....	....
20th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
27th "	OCEANA	7000	....	....
3rd Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
10th "	CHINA	8000	....	....
17th "	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	11000
24th "	ARABIA	8000	....	....
2nd Mar.	MACEDONIA	10500	....	....
9th "	EGYPT	8000	....	....
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
20th "	*ARCADIA	7000	....	....
23rd "	PERSIA	8000	....	....
30th "	MARMORA	10500	....	....
6th April.	MOOLTAN	10000	....	....
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	11000
20th "	MANTUA	11000	....	....
27th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12000
4th May.	ARABIA	8000	....	....
11th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
18th "	EGYPT	8000	....	....

All the above Mail Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 20th MARCH, 1912, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by Sea	Rs. 528 or Rs. 627	Rs. 792 or Rs. 940

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID,

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. Rubattino	4,580	L. Mancini	15th Aug. 1911
D. Baldnino	4,589	D. Maganzini.	15th Sept. 1911
R. Rubattino	4,589	L. Mancini	15th Oct. 1911

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 495 Single and Rs. 690 Return

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 740; Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Capri	6,000	P. Figari	16th Aug. 1911
Ischia	6,000	G. Balsito	16th Sept. 1911
Capri	6,000	P. Figari	16th Oct. 1911

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to ——to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 210.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. TIMOSCI,
Acting Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

CLARKES PILLS. A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing. Date.	Time.	Route via.
Dwarka	1695	Thurs. 3rd Aug.	9 a.m.	direct.
Lhasa	2184	Fri. 4th Aug.	6 a.m.†	direct.

†Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "Dwarka," 1695 tons, on Thursday, 3rd Aug. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Lingga, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Waronga," 2,513 tons, sailing about Wednesday, 9th August, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Charbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Lingga, Bahrein, Bushire, Kowait, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Pundua," 3305 tons, sailing on or about Thursday 10th August, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "Vadala," 3334 tons, to sail on or about 1st August.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand,

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

31st July, 1911.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on THURSDAY
Salazie	4,117	Riquier	3rd Aug. 1911.
Ville de la Ciotat	5,878	Eschenauer	31st Aug. 1911.
Australien	9,365	Aumeran	28th Sept. 1911.
Nera	5,538	Casanova	26th Oct. 1911.
Yarra	4,142	..	21st Dec. 1911.
Polynesien	6353	X	18th Jan. 1912

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for outward by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigation Generale Italiana at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
Nera	5,538	Casanova	11th Aug. 1911.
Oceanien	4,143	X	8th Sept. 1911.

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS,
Agent.

Albert Building Hornby Road.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay
Castalia	6333	J. Hamilton	7th Aug. 1911.
Elysia	6353	W. Robertson	21st " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	8th Sept. "
Olympia	5124	G. Mitchell	23rd " "
Circassia	6716	C F Osborne R N R	9th Oct. "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st " "
Castalia	6333	J. Hamilton	4th Nov. "
Elysia	6353	A. Haig	18th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	4th Dec. "
Olympia	5124	G. Mitchell	20th " "
Circassia	6716	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	3rd Jan. 1912
Scindia	5106	W. Kelso	23rd " "
Castalia	6333	J. Hamilton	7th Feb. "

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

	Leave Bombay about.	
Elysia	6353 A. Haig	28th Feb. 1912
Massilia	5091 J. Thomson	9th Mar. "
Olympia	5124 G. Mitchell	24th " "
Circassia	6716 C.F. Osborne R.N.R.	8th Apr. "
Scindia	5106 Wm Kelso	23rd " "
Castalia	6333 J. Hamilton	4th May "
Elysia	6353 A. Haig	17th " "
Massilia	5091 J. Thomson	3rd June "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 418	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	957
Bombay to New York	" 808	1,345
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by S. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay

For any further information regarding passage apply to the undersigned,

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street, Fort,

SHIPPING.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA:	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON:	GRINDLAY & Co

BANKS.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR)

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:

16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON S. W

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital paid up.....Gold $ 3,250,000,000

RESERVE FUND and undivided profits.....Gold $ 3,460,398,39

LONDON OFFICE: 36, Bishopsgate, E.C.—

BRANCHES:

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco.
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Washington.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Mexico.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Panama.
Canton.	Yokohama.	Colon.
Manila.	Kobe.	Empire.

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and cable transfers on the principal cities of Europe, American Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, Ld.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£ 2,000,000

PAID UP CAPITAL.....£ 1,000,000

RESERVE FUND.....£ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:

26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombasa
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy	Jinja,
Delhi,	Newara-Eliya,	Kampala,
Cawnpore	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened to approved Customers, and interest is allowed at a present, per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum account does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegraph.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and other same for safe custody, collects Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved securities.

Post Box No. 122. W. J. K. HEHARTY
BOMBAY. Acting Manager.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, Ld.

CAPITAL (Paid up).....Rs. 20,00,000

RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper).....Rs. 23,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum account does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK.—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of every Description transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

E. E. SAVI,
Acting Agent,

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

POONA RACES.

BINOCULARS.—

The new series of Binoculars have met with an excellent reception since introduced. There is no doubt that these glasses are much appreciated by the public on account of

1. Neat and handy form.
2. Convenient focussing.
3. High Optical qualities.
4. Increased field of view.
5. Enhanced sterios-copic effect.
6. Greater illumination.

GOERZ'

NEO-TRIEDER.
HELI-TRIEDER.
TRIEDER.
PAGOR.

GLASSES.

No binocular at present on the market whether by a first class maker or not combines perfect optical qualities in the light and handy form as that of the GOERZ' MODELS.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.

MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

"ATTENTION," "ATTENTION."

LARGE STOCK OF

SINGAPORE

CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, TABLES AND EASY CHAIRS

have now arrived.

An early visit requested for a pick of good and well-designed of these articles.

HAM, BACON AND CHEESE.

PRIME'S CUMBERLAND HAM	in canvas	... Rs. 1-2	per lb.
" "	" cooked on cut	... " 2-8	"
BEST WILTSHIRE BACON	"	... Re. 1-0	"
FINEST GRUYERE CHEESE	"	... " 1-0	"
PRIME'S ENGLISH CHEDDAR	"	.. " 1-0	"
MIDGET GOUDAS, in tins	each	... " 1-0	
CREME DE LA CREME, in tins about 4lbs. each		... Rs. 3-0	

FRESH CONSIGNMENTS BY EVERY THROUGH MAIL

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

Telephone No. 325. Telegrams:—"MONGIBROS,"—BOMBAY.

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DR. DE ROOS'

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GUTTÆ VITÆ

Or, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Exhaustion.

This extraordinary rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency or the Vital Forces, owing to dissipation, worry, overwork, excesses, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and inarm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of nervous and functional debility, epilepsy, impurity and poorness of the blood, aversion to and incapacity for society, study, or business, giddiness, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, loss of memory, and other symptoms, the result of self-acquired ailments that embitter and shorten life, it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incompetency. Price 11s. or four times that quantity, 33s. per Bottle.

Dr. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; weakness across the loins, Sandy or other Deposits, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally. Price 2s. 9d.

Dr. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled. 13½d. and 2s. 9d. per Box.

Dr. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA PILLS, the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful ailments. The first dose gives relief, and in all ordinary cases a few days only are necessary to effect a cure. Price 2s. 9d. per Box.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. DE ROOS' Medicine bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

DEBILITATED and NERVOUS SUFFERERS should read the "Medical Adviser," by Dr. DE ROOS, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Price 1s., post free from Mr. LEWIS, Medical Publisher, 6 Hand Court, Holborn, London, W.C., or obtainable of the Agents for Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines.

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either by car or cycle reaches the acme of comfort only when Dunlop Tyres are fitted. Their extraordinary resilience ensures that silky motion which makes the car or cycle seem to glide on the wind. Dunlops are economical.

HAVE THE BEST BY SPECIFYING

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150° "SHELL" BRAND CASE OIL. 150°

"SHELL" **150°** "SHELL"

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HAVE YOU TRIED

"SHELL"?

It is the finest American Case Oil.

OTHER 150° OIL COSTS Rs. 6 PER CASE.

REFINED and PACKED 150° TEST in AMERICA.

NO SMOKE and NO SMELL.

"SHELL" COSTS Rs. 5-4 PER CASE

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SEE THAT YOU GET

"SHELL"

THE BEST OIL FOR THE BEST LAMPS.

"SHELL" "SHELL"

IMPORTED BY

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., LD.,

GRAHAMS BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

150° 150°

GRIMAULT & Co.'s ENERGICAL SYRUP"

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

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PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE.

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS, Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL

Is the only remedy for CHOLERA, Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE

Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour, Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS

Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness, Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER

scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT

Cures in a day, As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA

WARLI LABORATORY DADAR, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office, on MONDAY, the 7th August, 1911, at 3 p.m., (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business:—

1. Bombay Improvement Trust Memoranda—Forwarding excerpts from the Trustees' Proceedings.
2. Schools Committee Letter—Forwarding excerpts from the Committee's Proceedings.
3. Notice of motion from Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, Kt.—For expressing regret at the death of Mr. Jalbhoy Ardeshir Sett.
4. Letter from Mr. Keroba Janardan Mantri—Thanking the Corporation for their Resolution on the death of his father, the late Mr. Janardan Gopal Mantri.
5. Letter from the Municipal Secretary—Intimating that the next appointment of Municipal Auditors will take place in March 1912.
6. (a) Appointment of an Assessor to the Tribunal of Appeal under the City of Bombay Improvement Act, (b) Notice of Motion from Mr. D. E. Wacha—For reappointing Mr. W. A. Chambers to be Assessor to the Tribunal for a further period of one year.
7. Letter from Mr. James Macdonald—Applying for leave of absence from the Corporation's meeting for 4 months.
8. Letter from Dr. J. D. Sastian, M. D.—Submitting a scheme for the enrolment of private practitioners.
9. Letter from Mr. Meghji Moorji—Complaining of inadequate supply of water at this property in Love Lane.
10. Letter from Mr. H. V. Desai—Complaining of inadequate tramway-service via Kalbadevi Road.
11. Letter from Messrs. Little & Co., Solicitors, on behalf of the Trustees of the Society of St. John the Evangelist—Regarding the proposed acquisition of the Society's premises at Dockyard Road for road improvement.
12. Letter from Messrs. M. D. Patel and S. N. Cooper—Suggesting an enquiry concerning alleged malpractices in the Markets Department.
13. Letters from Mr. Dossabhoy Jamsetji Mistry—Forwarding a correspondence regarding the proposed opening of a slaughter-house for pigs in Mazagon.
14. Letter from Dr. Bhavanishanker Balkrishna Dadarkar and others—Inviting attention to the necessity for improving the condition of Dadar Kumbharwada Road.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee—

15. Forwarding a report regarding the adjustment of stores account.
16. Recommending an advance of Rs. 5,813 for remodelling a common house-gully at Huzria Street.
17. Recommending sanction to the temporary service of certain Municipal employes being treated as qualifying for pension.
18. Recommending that in reply to his letter regarding the disposal of corpses taken to the Haines Road Cemetery, Mr. Govind Bhikaji be informed that no compulsion would be put on the Mahar Community to cremate the corpses and that the fee for cremation would be reduced.
19. Recommending approval to the acquisition of a plot of land at Love Grove.
20. Recommending a grant of Rs. 17,000 to supplement the grant for Pensions, Gratuities, etc.
21. Recommending a grant of Rs. 1,560 for diverting a water main at Hornby Road.
22. Granting privilege leave to Dr. J. A. Turner, Executive Health Officer, for three months and forwarding a proposal to appoint Dr. B. K. Goldsmith to act for Dr. Turner.
23. Recommending that in reply to his letter regarding inadequate supply of water at Mahim, Mr. Cursondas Balgovindas be informed that proposals for improving the water supply in the whole of North and West Mahim are receiving attention.
24. Recommending that in reply to his letter, regarding the widening of the Khote Footpath at Chowpatty, Mr. Maneckshа Dinsha Mistry be informed that the work cannot be undertaken in view of the heavy expenditure involved.
25. Forwarding a letter from Mr K. S. Sanghani, regarding a dispute as to his claim for one-fifth drawback in respect of his building at Matunga with an intimation that the Standing Committee have approved of the Commissioner's decision.
26. Recommending a grant of Rs. 7,250 to meet a portion of the cost of certain works required at the Acworth Leper Asylum.
27. Government Letter—Forwarding a report by Dr. Charles A. Bentley M. S, D.P.H. on the investigation into the causes of Malaria in Bombay and the measures necessary for its control and inviting the opinion of the Corporation on certain suggestions.

Letters from the Commissioner—

28. Submitting proposals for the construction of a 90 feet road in extension of Reay Road.
29. Submitting a report on the subject of a systematic examination of milch cattle with a view to detecting cattle suffering from communicable disease and preventing their milk being sold to the public.
30. Forwarding a report regarding casualties amongst the animals at the Victoria Gardens.
31. Submitting a report regarding the milk bazar in Banian Street.
32. Submitting a report regarding a closing of the roads at Old Government House, Parel, after 6 P.M.
33. Requesting approval to the closing of a portion of Mint Road and to its being sold to the Military Department.
34. Inviting attention to the manner in which cases under the Municipal Act are at present dealt with by the Presidency Magistrates and suggesting remedies for the same.
35. Requesting sanction to revised regular lines prescribed for the street at the junction of Grant Road and Falkland Road.
36. Forwarding returns of sick treated at the Arthur Road and Maratha Hospitals.
37. Forwarding the Executive Health Officer's Report for the 2nd Quarter of 1911.
38. Forwarding a return showing the hours of water-supply to the different localities.
39. Forwarding Analytical and Bacteriological Reports on the Bombay Water-supplies.
40. Forwarding a statement of assessment of properties.
41. Forwarding a statement showing the quantity of water brought into the City from the different Lakes.
42. Submitting a proposal for confirming the appointment of Mr. Trivess Smith as Hydraulic Engineer under the Municipal Act.
43. Requesting orders in connection with a plot of land at the flats required for an approach road to the Municipal Kutchra siding.
44. Submitting a proposal for modifying Building Bye-Law No. 34 regarding the construction of Nahanis and Moris in houses.
45. Requesting sanction to the tax in respect of motor vehicles being levied at the maximum rates fixed by the amended Municipal Act and to the exemption of bicycles and tricycles from the tax.

Notices of Motions—

46. From Dr. Dinsha Somanji Peatanji Master—For obtaining a report as to the desirability of levying a tax on the Fire Insurance Companies carrying on business in the City.
47. From Dr. K. E. Dadachanji—(47) For obtaining a report as to the works carried out for stopping the leakage of water from the Bhandarwada Reservoir, etc.; (48) For requesting the Commissioner to consider the question of providing a balancing and distributing reservoir for the northern part of the City; and (49) For obtaining a report as to the proposed improvement of a corner at the junction of Ardeshir Dady Street and Khetwadi Main Road.
50—51. Memoranda from the Municipal Secretary—Submitting (50) a statement of a Budget transfer sanctioned by the Standing Committee; and (51) a statement of Committees of the Corporation.

Reports of Committees of the Corporation—

52. Regarding the question of the Corporation's liability in respect of the cost of erecting Plague Camps for the poor.
53. Regarding provision of street refuges in the City.
54. Regarding a proposal for putting up an Incinerator for the disposal of Kutchra.
55. Regarding the widening of Hornby Road.
56. Regarding bye-laws for regulating the construction of horse and bullock stables.
57. Regarding the arrangements for supervising the sale of milk in the City.
58. Regarding the revision of Pension Rules.
59. Regarding the Bombay Improvement Trust's Crawford Market to Sandhurst Road Street Scheme.
60. Regarding the finances of the Bombay Improvement Trust and the proposed amendment of the Trust Act.

By Order of the President,

R. P. MASANI,
Municipal Secretary.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OFFICE,
Bombay, 28th July, 1911.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes:—

9½ inch by 4½ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred*
9½ inch by 4½ inch ...Annas 14 per do. *

* If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000.

5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand* (if printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATION.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per P. & O. S. N. Company's s. s. "PERSIA," from LONDON and INTERMEDIATE PORTS, are hereby informed of the vessel's arrival, and requested to take immediate delivery of their goods landed at No. 12 Shed, Victoria Dock.

Captain Ericson, the Surveyor, will attend every morning to survey damaged packages. All claims in this respect must be preferred to the undersigned within 7 days from the date of discharge, and Bills should be presented for payment within one month from the steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained.

No Surveys will be held on bag cargo packed in single gunnies only, or on goods removed from the Landing Shed.

W. C. SYMES,
SUPERINTENDENT,
P. & O. S. N. Co.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS are invited by 1 o'clock, on TUESDAY, the 8th August, 1911, for the work of REMODELLING and RE-ROOFING the existing buildings in His Majesty's House of Correction, Byculla, Bombay. Value of work about Rs. 30,300. Further particulars may be obtained at the office of the Undersigned. The Chief Engineer, Public Works Department, reserves the right to reject any Tender or Tenders, and no reason will be given for the acceptance or the rejection of any tender. Tender forms will be issued on payment of the usual fees during office hours, either on personal application or by Agents.

E. M. PROES, A. M. Inst. C. E.,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.

Bombay, 27th July, 1911.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

ALTERATIONS OF TRAINS.

ON and from the 1st of August, 1911, the TIMINGS of PASSENGER and MAIL TRAINS on the G. I. P. System, will be ALTERED. For details see Sheet Time Table exhibited at Stations.

Information can also be obtained from Station Masters or from the Undersigned.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 27th July, 1911.

THE BOMBAY BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following INTERIM DIVIDENDS have been declared, namely:—

Rs. 200 per share on 100 Original Shares of Rs. 2,500 each.

Rs. 10 per share on 40,000 Shares Rs. 125 each.

The above Interim Dividends are payable on and after 31st July, to Shareholders, whose names are on the Register on 23rd July, on presentation of Share Certificates.

The TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from 24th July to 7th August, both days inclusive

By Order of the Board of Directors,

WALLACE AND CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Managers.

Bombay, 12th July, 1911.

NOTICE is hereby given that RUSTOMJI DHANJIBHOY PATAKA has contracted TO SELL the undermentioned property. All persons therefore having or claiming to have any right, title or interest therein either by way of inheritance bequest, sale, mortgage, lease, charge, gift, or otherwise howsoever are, hereby required to make the same known to the Undersigned at their office, at 29, Esplanade Road, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise at the expiration of the said period the sale will be completed and all such claims (if any) will be considered to have been waived.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

All that piece of land of the quit and ground rent tenure admeasuring 131 sq. yds. or thereabouts, Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 2399, Collector's New No. 9448, Old Survey No. 9, and New Survey Nos. 5659, and with the message, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, formerly under No. 66 now under C Ward No. 7453 Street No. 320, all which premises are situate on the West side of Duncan Road, in the City and Registration Sub-district of Bombay, and are bounded on or towards the East by Duncan Road, on or towards the West by a Sweeper's passage, on or towards the North by the property of Merwanji Dadabhoy, and on or towards the South by the property of Dinshaw Jamasji—Dated this 26th day of July, 1911.

ARDESHIR, HORMUSJI, DINSHAW and Co.,
Purchasers Attorneys.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

TENDERS FOR THE PURCHASE OF SECOND-HAND MATERIAL AND UNSERVICEABLE STORES, VIZ: RAIL PIECES, CAST AND WROUGHT IRON AND STEEL SCRAP, TYRES AND WHEELS SCRAP, BRASS SCRAP, ETC., AND NEW STORES SUCH AS IRON HOOP, STEEL DOUBLE SHEAR FLAT AND STEEL WIRE ROUND, ETC., FROM SURPLUS STOCK.

THE AGENT is prepared to receive tenders at his office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (S. T.) on WEDNESDAY, the 16th AUGUST, 1911 for the purchase of above, which can be seen on application to the Company's Wharf Superintendent Wadi Bander, Assistant Storekeeper, Jhansi, Engineer's premises, Poona, and at this Depot.

TENDERS.—These must be made out on the Company's authorized forms, which can be had on application to the undersigned at his office on payment of Rs. 2 per copy.

TERMS.—A sum equivalent to 10 per cent of value of the material tendered for (subject to a maximum of Rs. 1,000) and a minimum of Rs. 200 only) must accompany each Tender as a guarantee of good faith in due fulfilment of contract, failure in which shall entail the forfeiture of the deposit, without the Railway having to prove any loss by the transaction. Only cash or currency notes (on which no interest will be allowed) or Government promissory notes, will be received as deposits, and if the latter they must be endorsed in favour of "The Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company or order."

PAYMENT.—To be made to the Company's Cashier Bombay, on receipt of acceptance of the offer.

NOTE.—The agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.

APPLICANTS are requested not to tender for more material than they are able to pay for and remove WITHIN ONE MONTH from the date of acceptance of Tender.

G. R. WEBB,
General Storekeeper.

General Storekeeper's Office,
Parel, 14th July, 1911.

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

DELHI CORONATION DURBAR.

CORRIDOR AND RESTAURANT CAR EXPRESS TO DELHI FROM 1ST NOVEMBER.

Bombay (Colaba) ..Dep. 22·0
Delhi .....Arr. 6·45

ADDITIONAL EXPRESS TRAINS will run when required, leaving Bombay in the evening and arriving at Delhi at a convenient hour in the morning.

Passengers holding RETURN TICKETS by the B. B. & C. I. Railway broad-gauge route to Delhi have the option of using the Metre-gauge route via Ahmedabad on either the outward or return journey.

QUICK DESPATCH OF GOODS TO DELHI.

A special fast Express Goods Service will run daily for the conveyance of Motor Cars, Carriages, Horses, Furniture, etc.

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 22nd July, 1911.

AMUSEMENTS.

LAST NIGHT! LAST NIGHT!!
POSITIVELY THE
LAST NIGHT
"EXCELSIOR"
NOVELTY THEATRE
MANAGEMENT:—D. E. D. COHEN, Grand Opera House, Calcutta.

Mr. HENRY DALLAS will present
THE FOLLIES
FROM
THE APOLLO THEATRE, LONDON,
by arrangement with H. G. PELISSIER
TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!
MONDAY, July 31st, at 9-45 P.M.
CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.
NEW SONGS! NEW STORIES!!
NEW POLLYISMS!!!
Concluding with Pelissier's famous Burlesque
OF A
XMAS PANTOMIME.
Prices—Rs. 5, 4, 3, 2 and 1. Plan at SOUNDY'S.

BOXING.
WONDERLAND
BALIWALLA'S GRAND THEATRE,
TARDEO
3RD AUGUST 3RD
SPECIAL GRAND
SPORTING NIGHT,
UNDER THE KIND PATRONAGE OF.
The Hon'ble Mr. Justice BEAMAN, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice RUSSELL and Lt.-Colonel H. R. VAUGHAN,
Commanding the Royal Warwickshire Regt, Colaba and all the Sporting Elite of Bombay and District.

MIDDLE WEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP OF BOMBAY.
Mr. MELVILLE vs. Mr. BAKER.
15 ROUNDS.
For a Pures of Rs. 500.
Special 10 Round.
Contest: between two other well known middle weight Boxers.
Other well known ringmen will appear, viz:—MAJOR POOLE GILDER, GARRIOCK and HASTINGS.
Rs. 1,000 in purses.
Will be presented by
MR. BALLIWALLA
WRESTLING! WRESTLING!!
By two well known exponents of the Art.
Plan and Prices of Reserved Seats at McALPIN & CO., Fort.
BOXING.
To commence at 9-30 P.M., (S. T.) Sharp.

PRICES:—Stage Seats Rs. 10; Orchestra Stalls and Dress Circle special positions Rs. 5; other seats Rs. 4, 3, 2, and Re. 1.
Soldiers and Sailors in uniform half price to Rs. 2 and Re. 1 seats only.

EXCELSIOR
CINEMATOGRAPH.
TO-NIGHT.
AT
7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 P. M.
CYMRYAM BYTH.
WALES FOR EVER.
THE PRINCE OF WALES AT CARNARVON.
The whole ceremony of the investiture and the presentation of the Young Prince to his people.
"THE ELEVENTH HOUR."
A THRILLING STORY OF CONVICT LIFE.
"FOOLSHEAD'S HEELS."
500 laughs in 5 minutes.
AND
OUR POPULAR PROGRAMME.
PRICES AS USUAL.
THE FOLLIES
will appear at 9-45 p. m.
SEE SEPARATE ADVERTISEMENT.

POONA THIRD EXTRA MEETING.

WEDNESDAY, 9TH AUGUST, 1911.

OWNERS are reminded that ENTRY CLOSES at 6 P.M., on TUESDAY, 1st August, 1911.

J. E. HUGHES,
Ag. Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Poona, 26th July, 1911.

POONA SECOND EXTRA MEETING.

SATURDAY, 5th August, 1911.

OWNERS are reminded that ENTRY CLOSES, at 6 P.M., on MONDAY, 31st July, 1911.

J. E. HUGHES,
Ag. Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Poona, 26th July, 1911.

SKATING RINK.

PRACTICE SESSIONS:—Daily 8 to 9 A.M.
EVENING SESSIONS:—TUESDAYS and THURSDAYS only, 6 to 8 with Band.
NIGHT SESSIONS:—MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, 9-30 to 11-30.
BAND IN ATTENDANCE.
FRIDAY, 11TH AUG: MONSOON DANCE.

NOTICE

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office

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REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

WANTED.—A JUNIOR CLERK, having the necessary qualifications for Government Service. Apply in person to SHIPPING MASTER, Forbes Street, Bombay.

AUSTIN CAR.—It is so rigid, so safe, so easy. It is the acme of perfection. Years of highest reputation proves it to be the right machine to-day at the right price. Sole Agents:—THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hummam Street, Fort, Bombay.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

FOR SALE.—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

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BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SATISFACTION FOR 10 YEARS.—I have great pleasure to certify that Singer's Sewing Machine gave me every satisfaction for 10 years, during which time they have been in use in my family.—GORDHUNDAS GOCULDAS TEJPAL Malabar Hill, Bombay.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes:—9½ inch by 4½ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9½ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000. 5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand If) printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 3dds from 1s. 3d. to 1s. 4 15/16d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

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OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 8 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, and additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

BANK OF BOMBAY

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THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

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DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8, Gold, Rs. 35.

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SELF CURE NO FICTION!
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
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THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections
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Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.
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Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force.
Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 5/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
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CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
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CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

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Colombo	Klang (F. M. States,	Shanghai
Karachi	Seremban (F. M States)	Tientsin
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Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

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Agent.

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Reserve Liability of Proprietors ..... $ 15,000,000
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BOMBAY	KUALA LUMPUR	SAN FRANCISCO
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AUTHORISED CAPITAL ..... $ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ..... $ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... $ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS ..... $ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS ..... $ 325,000

HEAD OFFICE:
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LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
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The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

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SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... „ 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ... „ 16,850,000

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London	Tientsin
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Fengtien (Mukden)	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

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N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

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No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Improvement Trust Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell public Auction on the premises TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 1st August, 1911 at 5 p.m. (S.T.)

The materials for removal of the following buildings—

Building Street Nos. 9-11; case Nos. 379 Chinch Bunder Cross Road.

Building Street No. 587-591, 593-597 case Nos. 386, 387 Jakeria Musjid Street.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction on the premises on FRIDAY, the 4th August, 1911, at 5 p.m. (S. T.)

The materials for removal of the following buildings:—

Building St. No. 6—10, 2—4 5, Case No. 190, 191, 199A, 2nd Esplanade Cross Lane.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 31st July, 1911.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY
No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

WEEKLY SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 31st instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following:—

Furniture such as sofas, chairs, easy chairs, dressing and writing tables, almyrahs, cupboards, iron safes, phonographs, two Electric table fans.

Several school desks with benches, writing desks with seats, belonging to a School.

By order of R. D. Sethna, Esq. Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate of Heptulla Esoofally and others, insolvents, office table, chairs, iron safe, copying press, cupboards, clock, bench, etc.

At 3 P.M. (S.T.)

Several gents' bicycles by different makers.
1 rubber-tyred office shigram.
1 rubber-tyred brougham.
1 second hand victoria.

AUCTION SALE OF THE RIGHT TO COLLECT OUTSTANDINGS.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esqr., the Official Assignee, High Court, Bombay; and Assignee of the Estate of Magonlal Madhowji Sah and others, Insolvents, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 7th day of August next at 3 p. m. (S. T.) at their Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort.

The right, title and interest of the said Insolvents in the unrecovered outstandings mentioned in the list.

Conditions of sale and a detailed list of the outstandings can be inspected at the Auctioneers' Office.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 31st July, 1911.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF THORNEY CROFT STEAM MOTOR WAGON.

Under instructions from the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will, on TUESDAY, the 8th proximo at 3-30 p.m., (B. T.) sell by Public Auction, at Paltan Road Workshop, behind the Crawford Market.

1 Thorney Croft Steam Motor Wagon.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 31st July, 1911.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
24-26 Bank Street, Fort,

SALE THIS DAY, MONDAY, 31st July, at 2-30 P.M.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 31st instant, at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 1, Church Gate Street, Fort, top floor above R. Dinmal's Show Room, valuable and neat mahogany and French-polished drawing-room, dining-room and bed-room furniture, suit in tapestry lined drawing-room suite of sofas and chairs, cabinet, nearly new oblonized cottage piano, American writing desk single and double mirror door almyrahs, writing table, easy, low and Cane chairs, iron bedstead, cupboards, dining table and chairs, dumb-waiter hat-stand, dressing and wash-hand tables, pictures, oil paintings, table ornaments, glass crockery and plated-ware, etc., the property of Miss Evans and others. The above is on view.

SALE TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, 1st August.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 1st day of August, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, in Meadows Street, Fort, opposite Messrs. Treasher and Co., next to Messrs. King and Co., by order of a Cabinet Maker, the entire stock-in-trade of his show room, such as seasoned teak and blackwood high class polished household and office furniture, consisting of single and double mirror door almyrahs, glass and panel book-cases, writing tables with drawers, dumbwaiter, book-shelf, sofa, English folding chairs, blackwood Carzon chairs, meat safe, clothes basket, teapoys, square piano, travelling folding cup-board and sedstead, etc.

Also the property of another Hindu Gentleman, such as tapestry and leather lined half back sofas by Connor and Gerard, jewellery show case and work table, writing table, plate glass harmonium case with book case, revolving music stand large, cupboard in two pieces, iron bedsteads, tile topped teapoys, American letter box, Milner's safe on stand, Lenolium and Persian carpets, babagarey, Columbia graphophone with plates, marble pillars, etc.

The above is on view.

J. S. MODY & CO.

Bombay, 31st July, 1911.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
31, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY, (CHAWL), in the Lane, opposite Dhun Mill, on the Parbhadevi Road, near Elphinstone Road, out of Fort, Bombay.

Under instructions from and by the order of the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Sitaram Sakaram Satar and Pandurang Abaji Khedekar, the mortgagors and in pursuance to the power and by virtue of an indenture of mortgage bearing date the 11th day of March, 1910, Messrs. S

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, July 28.] [BOMBAY, July 29.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols ...	78		3 1-16
do. Rentes ...	94 1-2	1-4	
3 1-2 do. Sterling Loan ...	93 3-4		1-4
3 1-2 do. Gov. Securities...	84	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London ...	24	1-16	
do. 2 months' hence...	24 1-16		
Bar Silver in New York ...	52	1-8	
Exchange on London at Paris ...	25·25	un	chgd
do. do. at Berlin...	20·47	1-4	
do. do. New York ..	4·86 1-8	un	chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate...	3 p.c.	since	
do. Short London Bills	9th Mar.		
3 months' sight ..	2 1-8	1-8	
do. Indian Bank Bills			
6 months' sight...	3 1-8	un	chgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	2 7-8	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	3 1-2	un	chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	1 1-8	un	chgd
do. 7 day Market Loans...	1 1-4	un	chgd

Bar Gold ... 77·9 unchgd
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 3 15-16 unchgd
Closing Tone of Silver—China buying.
The Bombay mails of the 15th instant reached Brindisi yesterday evening.

SPECIE SHIPMENT.

Silver to Bombay ...	£	70,000
Bar Gold to Bombay ...	£	100,000
Sovereigns to Bombay ...	£	10,000

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—
Spot ... Easier Quiet.
Futures ... Easy.
East Indian ... .
Manchester ... Buyers indifferent.
Total Sales ... 6,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export ... 250
Imports ... Nil.
Mid-Americans ... 6·20—12
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown 9 13-16 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
6·19	6·32	6·04	5·97	5·92
—21	—22	—20	—19	—19
Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.	
5·91	5·91	5·92	5·91	
—19	—20	—20	—19	

New York Official noon call October 11-13 Jan. 11·08, New Orleans 10 a.m. Oct. 11·10 Jan. 11-10.

NEW YORK— Bales.
Receipts at U. S. Ports ... 4,000
Receipts at „ Last year ... 1,000
Exports to Great Britain ... Nil
Exports to Continent ... .
Spot Cotton— ...13·51 unchgd
Futures—Month of Oct. 11·21—11 } Declined on longs unloading and advanced partially on covering.
Futures—Month of Dec. 11·10—11 }

NEW ORLEANS—
Spot cotton ... 13 1-4 unchgd
Futures month of Oct. ... 11·13—05
Futures month of Dec. ... 11·12—04
Tone of Spot Cotton ... Easy.

	Bales.
Week's Receipts of cotton at U. S. Ports	7,000
Do. exports to Great Britain ..... „	2,000
Do. do. to France and Continent	12,000
Do. do. to Japan	.....
Stock of cotton at U. S. Ports	154,000
Do. do. at Interior Ports	86,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS—

Total actual Exports	7,000
do Forwarded	46,000
do Imports	26,000
do Stock	562,000
Stock of cotton in London	17,510

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Good Bengal M. G.	d 5 5-16
F. G. Bengal M. G.	d 5 7-16
Fine Bengal M. G.	d 5 9-16
Good Bhownagger	d 6 3-16
Good Oomras M. G.	d 5 15-16
F. G. Oomras M. G.	d 6 1-16
Fine Oomras M. G.	d 6 3-16
Good M. G. Oomras	d 5 13-16
Fine M. G. Oomras	d 6 1-16
Good Broach	d 6 7-16
F. G. Broach	d 6 19-16
Fine Broach	d 6 11-16
F. G. F. Tinnevelly Liverpool C. I. F....	d 6 7-16

Buyers, &c—Sellers.
Months—Aug.-Sept

Fair Red Cocconada C. I. F. London	... d 5 5-8
Cocconada Ginned C I F London	... d 5 22-32
G. W. Westerns C I F London	... d 6

YARN.

40s Banner Mill Twist ...	10 3-4
George Magall's Yarn ...	10 1-4

WHEAT.

Wheat White Karachi ... 33 3-4 unchgd
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Sellers.
Wheat Red Karachi ...33 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months—July-Aug
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Sellers.
Tone—Firm,

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe—62lbs ... .
Do. Month—Aug.
Buyers &c.—No Sellers.
Tone—Steady.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ... 34 1-2 unchgd
Do. Month—Aug.
Buyers &c.—Sellers.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawnp. per 416 lbs 85 p.c. ex-ship 46 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports.—Dunkirk—Nearest Value.
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 p.c. ex-ship 48 1-2 + 3-3
Do. Months—Sept-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports.—Havre, Done and Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore ... 43 -2 unchgd
Do. Months—July-August.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet.

LINSEED—
Bombay, per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 71 1-4 + 1-4
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports.—Antwerp—Sellers.
Tone—Firm,
Linseed Argentine—La Plata. ...64 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Nominal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)... ... ... 13 5-16 unchgd

RUBBER—
Para Rubber ...4-8 1-2—Sellers Steady

METALS—

Copper Braziers	£ 67 3-4 + 1-4
Yellow Metal	... d 6 unchgd
Standard Copper G. M. B.	...256 7-16 + 1-4

FREIGHT—
Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay Canal....Nominal.

WOOL CLOSING REPORT.—
Offered during Sold 7,000.
Vicanere first white highest 10d.
„ „ „ lowest 9 1-2d.
„ ordinary white highest 9 1-4d.
„ „ „ lowest 8d.
Candahar first white highest 9 1-2d.
„ „ „ lowest 9d.
„ ordinary white highest 8 3-4d.
„ „ „ lowest 7 1-2d.
Bicanere first white highest 7 3-4d.
„ „ lowest 7 1-2d.
Goat skin sale closed to-day irregular and rather easier. Goat skins sold 1,0 30,000.
Goat Skins.
Madras prime unchanged.
„ fair 1-2 to 1 lower.
„ ordinary 1-2 to 1 lower.
Bombay good 1-2 lower.
„ fair 1-2 to 1 lower.
„ ordinary 1 lower.

SUGAR—
German Granulated Sugar C & F
India (Double bags) ...15-9—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment...Oct.-Dec.
Tone—Firm. Higher prices asked check business.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F
India ... Nominal.
Do Months of Shipments ... .
Tone—Still quite neglected.
German Beet-root 88 p.c. ...15·7 1-2—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...Aug.
Tone—Opened strong. Closed quieter. Rise in prices caused by drought. Large speculative business.
E A R & Similar Crystal C & F
India ...16·3 3-4—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...Nov.-Dec.
Tone—Firm. Business checked by holders refusing to sell except at higher prices.
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...12·10 1-2—Value.
Months of Shipments ...September.
Tone—Strong.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16×18 C and F
Calcutta ... .
Do. do. ... .
Aug.-Nov.—12—Value.
July-Oct.—1912 11·6—Value.
Raw Java C and F Bombay and Karachi ... .
Do. do. ... .
Aug.-Nov.—12 1 1-2—Value.
July-Oct.—1912 11 7 1-2—Value.
Fine White Java C&F Calcutta ... .
Do. do. ... .
Aug.-Nov.—13 —Value.
July-Oct.—1912—12·9—Value.
Fine White Java C and F Bombay and Karachi ... .
Do. do. ... ...
Aug.-Nov.—13 1 1-2—Value.
July-Oct.—1912 12 10 1-2—Value.
General Tone—Strong and dearer in sympathy with Beetroot as high prices asked check business.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

SATURDAY EVENING.] [29TH July, 1911.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers
	Rs.		
10 Boxes Bulns.	7,50,000	Alexandria	National Bank
1 Box Bulns...	55,625	Malta	do
10 Boxes Bulns.	7,50,000	Alexandria	Hongkong Bank

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 27th July, 1911.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway	43	52,333
B B and C I Railway ...	28	33,202

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE :—
We quote :—
T. T. on London ... 1s. 4d.
Demand Draft ...1s. 4 1-32d.
Credits 3 months' sight ...1s. 4 3-16d.
Do. do forward ...1s. 4 5-16d. Dec.
Do. do France ...170 1-4
Do. do Marks ...138 1-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight ...181 1-4
Shanghai „ ...174 1-4
Japan „ ...150 1-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—
Ready... ... ... Rs. 96 1 0
Forward ... ... „ 95 14 0

BULLION :—
We quote :—
English Bar Gold ... ... Rs 24 0 6
Australian „ ... ... „ 24 0 6
Sovereigns „ ... ... „ 15 0 0
Silver Ready ex duty ... „ 61 4 0
„ 1st Settlement ... „ 61 3 0
„ 2nd „ ... „ 61 2 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT :—
The market continues to decline owing to favourable weather in America and expectation of a bearish Government report early next month. There was little enquiry to-day for Khandesh and Bengals for early deliveries of New Crop and some business resulted but sellers are most reluctant to operate owing to unfavourable weather ruling nearly all over this country except Central Provinces where timely rains, though insufficient, have saved the situation and the crops there can withstand the drought for at-least fortnight longer.
Ready cotton is dull with almost no enquiry from anywhere.

QUOTATIONS :—

NEW CROP.

Good M G Broach	Rs.	300	March.
Fine M G Wardha Hinganghat	„	303	Jan.
Fine M G Nagpur	„	300	„
Fine M G Khamgaon-Akola.	„	292	„
Fine M G Khandesh ...	„	280	„
F. G. M. G. Khandesh ...	„	270	„
Fine M G Bengal	„	283	Nov.
Fine M. G. Bengal	„	278	Dec.
Fine M. G. Bengal	„	273	Jan.
F. G. H. G. Bengal ...	„	253	„

LIVERPOOL OPENER :—

Opening Tone ...	...	Steady.
Estimated Sales ...	...	8,000 bales
Total Imports ...	...	Nil

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.
6·51	6·33	6·05	5·99
+02	+01	+01	+02
Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.
5·95	5·94	5·94	5·96	5·97
+03	+03	+03	+01	+03

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—The market is steady.
We quote :—
Ready ... ... Rs 12 6 0 B. T.
September ... ... „ 13 4 0 R. T.
RAPESEED :—The market is steady.
We Quote :—
Yellow Guzerat ready ... „ 8 1 0 B. T.
Brown Etawah ready ... „ 7 4 0 B. T.
GINGELLYSEED :—The market is unchanged.
We quote :—
Bold White 85 p.c. ... Rs. 55 0 0
Yellow Hinganghat ... „ 60 0 0
Black Kutni ... „ 46 0 0
CASTORSEED :—Tone firm, We Quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 7 8 0 R. T.
COTTONSEED :—Tone quiet, We Quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 22 0 0
POPPYSEED :—Tone steady. We Quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 10 1 0 B. T.
MOWRASEED :—Tone steady. We quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 6 11 6 B. T.
WHEAT :—The market is steady.
We Quote :—
White Pissi ready ... Rs. 4 14 0 R. T.
„ „ Sept ... Rs. 5 3 6 R. T.

SHARES.

There are no share transactions to be reported to-day owing to the death of a broker who was also a director of the Share Brokers' Association.

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

Cotton ...	—	...	3,196 bales
Wheat ...	...	...	4,480 cwts.
Linseed ...	...	...	3,031 „
Rapeseed ...	...	...	3,919 „
Gingellyseed ...	...	...	17 „
Poppyseed ...	...	...	1,495 „
Groundnuts...	...	...	1,581 „
Castorseed ...	...	...	6,253 „
Rice ...	...	...	1,507 „
Myrabollams ...	...	...	86 „
Cottonseed ...	...	...	4,372 „
Mowraseed ...	...	...	12,204 „
Gram ...	...	...	1,089 „
Jowar ...	...	...	700 „
Maize ...	...	...	Nil

LONDON MARKET.

LONDON, July 29.] [BOMBAY, July 30.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus
3 1-2 per cent. Consols ...	78 1-8	1-8	
do. Rentes ...	94 1-2	un	chgd
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan..	93 3-4	un	chgd
do. Govt. securities...	84	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London ...	23 15-16		1-16
do. 2 months' hence...	24		1-16
do. in New York ...	57 7-8		1-8
Exchange on London at Paris.	25·25	un	chgd
do. at Berlin ..	20·47	un	chgd
do. at New York...	4·85 1-4	1-8	
Discount Bank of England Rate	3 p.c.	since	
do. Short London	9th Mar.		
Bills, 3 months' sight.	2 1-8	un	chgd
do. Indian Bank Bills, 6 months' sight.	3 1-4	1-8	
do 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	2 7-8	un	chgd
do, 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	3 1-2	un	chgd
Interest Day-to-day Loans ...	1 1-8		1-8
Interest 7 day Market Loans...	1 1-4	un	chgd

Bar Gold ... 77·9 unchgd
Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 3 15-16 unchgd
Closing Tone of Silver—Quiet.
Amount paid into the Bank of England, about £150,000.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—
Spot ... Easier, Dull.
Futures ... Easy.
East Indian ... .
Manchester ... ...
Total Sales ... 4,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export... 500
Imports ... Nil
Mid Americans ... 6·72—11
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown. 9 13-16—unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
6·44	6·3)	6·03	5·98	5·92
—05	—02	—01	—01	unchgd
Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apr.	
5·91	5·92	5·93	5·95	
unchgd	+01	+01	+01	

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Receipts at all U. S. Ports ...	1,000
Receipts at U. S. Last year ...	.....
Exports to Great Britain ...	Nil
Exports to Continent ...	2,000
Spot Cotton— ...	13·25—25
Futures—Month of Oct. 11·02—19 } Futures—Month of Dec. 11·02—19 }	Declined on weakness in southern spot markets and increased offerings and to foreign selling.

NEW ORLEANS—
Spot Cotton ... 12 7-8—3-8
Futures—Month of Oct. ... 10 84—29
Do. do Dec. ... 10·84—28
Tone of Spot Cotton ... Quiet.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS.

	Bales.
Total in Sight	11,530,000
Egyptian Visible Supply ...	137,000
East Indian do ...	188,000
American do ...	887,000
Other do ...	100,000
Total Sales	41,000
Do. Speculation	2,000
Do. Exportation	2,000
Do. Forwarded Consumer ...	.....
Do. Actual Export ...	.....
Do. Import of the Week ...	.....
Do. Stock	.....
East Indian total sales ...	1,300
Do. Indian Stock	31,000
Do. Exportation	1,000
Do. Forwarded Consumers ...	800
Do. Actual Exports	700
Do. Week's Imports	7,000
Do. Stocks in Liverpool ...	.....
Afloat Americans	6,000
Do. Indian	14,000

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Good Bengal M. G. ...	d 5 1-4
F. G. Bengal M. G. ...	d 5 5-16
Fine Bengal M. G. ...	d 5 8-16
Good Bhownagger ...	d 6 2-16
Good Oomras M. G. ...	d 5 14-16
F. G. Oomras M. G. ...	d 6
Fine Oomras M. G. ...	d 6 12-16
Good M. G. Oomras ...	d 5 13-16
Fine M. G. Oomras ...	d 6
Good Broach	d 6 6-16
F. G. Broach	d 6 15-32
Fine Broach	d 6 10-16
Grey shirtings 41-42 in. 38 yards 16×15 ...	8 2 1-2
„ „ 44 in. 38—38 1-2 yds 9lbs ...	8 7 1-2
White „ 40-41 in. 40 yards 18 sqr ...	10·5
„ nainsooks 43 in. 19 yards 22×21...	6·7

WHEAT.

White Choice Karachi ... 34 + 1 4
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Done.
Red Karachi ...33 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Sellers.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawnpore par 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship ...46 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Nearest value.
Yellow Guzerat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship ...48 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months—Sept.-Oct
Do. Name of Ports—Havre—Done—Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore ...43 1-2
Do. Months—July-August.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.
LINSEED—
Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ...71 1-4 unchgd
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ...64 1-4—1-4
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Value.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). 13 5-16 —1-16
RUBBER—
Para Rubber ... 4 8 1-2—Sellers steady.
SUGAR—
German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags. ...15 9 3-4—Sellers.
Do Months of Shipment ...Oct.-Dec.
Tone—Firm —Held for higher prices.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F
India ... .
Do. Months of Shipments ... .
Tone—Nothing doing. Prices nominal.
German Beet-root 88 p. c ...13 9 —Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...Aug.
Tone—Firm —Good demand at advanced rates.
E A R & Similar Crystals C & F
India ...16 11 1-4—Sellers
Months of Shipments ...Jan.-Mar.
Tone—Firm—Not much offering.
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...13 1 1-2—Value—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...Sept.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos 16×18 C and F
Calcutta ... .
Do, do, ...
Aug.-Nov.—12 6—Value
July-Oct.—1912 11 9 Value
Raw Java C and F Bombay and Karachi ... .
Do, do, ...
Aug.-Nov.—12 7 1-2—Value
July-Oct.—1912 11 10 1-2—Value
Fine White Java C& F Calcutta ... .
Do, do, ...
Aug.-Nov.—13 1 1-2—Value
July-Oct.—1912—12·9—Value
Fine White Java C and F Bombay and Karachi ... .
Do. do. ... .
Aug.-Nov.—13 3—Value
July-Oct.—1912—13 10 1-2—Value
General Tone—Firm. Dearer.

CALCUTTA MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, JULY 29.

There was the usual Saturday feeling in the jute market to-day and very little business of any kind was done. In the gunny market, heavy goods are not active and the country trade is practically nil, the buyers are waiting for the monsoon. Trade was dull in the money market, while in the tea market tea shares were the chief item of interest with the prices remaining firm.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and Sas. for every additional line. Cash strictly in ADVANCE.

PUNJAB.

BIRTH.

GRAHAM—July 29, at Dharmsala, Punjab, the w of Captain B. C. Graham, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles, of a daughter.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

COBB—July 22, at Quetta, the wife of Lieutenant C Cobb, 29th Punjabis, of a son.

HANBURY—June 23, at Trimulgherry, Deccan, the wife of Captain P L Hanbury, King's Light Infantry, of a daughter.

RIND—July 10, at Simla, the wife of Capt Rind, 124th Baluchistan Infantry, of daughter.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sunrises 6h. 15m. Sunsets 7h. 15m.
Bombay Corporation, 3-40 p.m.
Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, "The Investiture of the Prince of Wales at Carnarvon." Twice nightly 7 and 8-30 p.m.

Maxim : "Integrity covers trustworthiness all round."

A lecture on China and Japan will be delivered by Mr. Oliver Beinbridge to Elphinstonians at Elphinstone College on Tuesday, at 6-15 p.m.

NOTABLE ARRIVALS IN BOMBAY.—H. H. the Dowager Maharanee of Porebunder and H. H. the Maharanee of Gwalior have arrived in Bombay and are putting up in bungalows on the Malabar Hill.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A labourer named Tatya Dayna, aged 30, was carrying pieces of iron from one part of the jetty at Mazagon to another, when a derrick weighing about a ton fell on him. He was picked up in an unconscious state and removed to hospital, where he subsequently died.

HINDU PROTEST AGAINST MR. BASU'S BILL.—At the Javer Baug, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay, last evening a public meeting of the Hindus was held, when in response to the invitation Sir Bhalchandra Krishna and Mr. Dajl Abaji Khare, a very larger number of Hindus assembled and passed a resolution protesting against the passing of Mr. Basu's Marriage Bill into law.

PROPERTY SALE.—The property known as Kaliadas' Wadi situate at Bhooleshwar Road was sold by auction on the 28th instant by Messrs. Sorabjee Cowasjee and Co., Auctioneers. The bidding commenced from Rs. 3,00,000, and by bids of Rs. 15,000, went up to Rs. 4,05,000, which was carried by smaller bids to Rs. 4,40,000. This last and the highest bid was made by Mr. Gordhandas Ranchordas Bhagat, and he was declared the purchaser.

"WAKF ALUL AULAD" AND THE MAHOMEDANS.—A large number of Mahomedans assembled at the Anjuman-i-Islam Hall, Hornby Road, Bombay, last evening, to consider the question of Wakf alul Aulad. After some discussion the meeting adopted the following resolution:—That this public meeting of the Mahomedans of Bombay held under the auspices of the Anjuman-i-Islam resolves that the Mahomedan law of Wakf-alal Aulad should be recognised by legislation and supports the main principle of the Hon. Mr. Jinah's Bill.

PARSEE PRAYERS FOR RAIN.—Under the auspices of the Trustees of the Bombay Parsee Panchayat, a public meeting of the Parsee community was convened yesterday afternoon, at the Allbless Bag Queen's Road, to offer prayers for rain. In spite of the inclemency of the weather a very large number of ladies and gentlemen of the community assembled at the Bag and joined in the prayer. As rain had already commenced on Friday night the prayer was also for the continuance of that mercy from the Almighty. The usual "Jashan" ceremony preceded the special prayer.

COLLAPSE OF FLOORING.—A number of workmen were at work on the flooring on the fourth floor of a house belonging to one Shaikh Adam Abdeally and which is under construction at Charni Road, on Friday evening, when the rafters supporting the floor gave way, and three of the workmen fell through the floor on to the floor below, a height of about ten feet. One of the workmen named Doola Daya fell through the wood-work of the third floor on to the second floor and received injuries to his head and legs. The other workmen escaped with slight injuries.

MAHOMEDAN ORPHANAGE.—A general meeting of the subscribers to the Ahmedabad Mahomedan Orphanage Fund raised by Khan Bahadur Syed Shamsuddin Kadri was held on the 28th instant in the office of Sir Currimbhoy Ibrahim, under the Presidentship of the Hon'ble Mr. Fazalbhoy Currimbhoy. It was unanimously resolved to invest the sale proceeds of the Orphanage buildings in Ahmedabad in the Bombay Port Trust Bonds. Trustees were appointed for the future management of the fund and a draft of the trust deed was approved of.

FIRST INDIAN M.R.C.V.S.—News has been received that Mr. Nusserwanji Dinshaw Vakil has passed the M.R.C.V.S. examination. He is the first Indian who has obtained the M.R.C.V.S. degree. He passed his Matriculation Examination, in 1905, in Bombay, at the age of 15, and then joined St. Xavier's College. After spending some time in the Intermediate Science Class, he went to Dublin in August 1907, where he joined the Royal Veterinary College of Ireland. There he passed his first examination in July 1908 with Honours and got two medals, one in chemistry, and another in junior anatomy. In 1909 he passed his second examination, and again got two medals, one in senior anatomy, and another in physiology. He passed his final on the 24th inst. He spent his holidays with different well-known practitioners in Ireland and London. He first practised with Dr. Healy in Middleton, Co. Cork, and then with Dr. Bailie in Newtonards, Co. Down, and lately he was with Prof. Hobday, a well-known London practitioner. He is a son of Mr. Dinshaw N. Vakil, of Messrs. R. Scott and Co., Veterinary Surgeons, Bombay.

BOXING AT TARDEO.

Middleweight Championship of Bombay.

Thursday next, the 3rd of August, will be a grand boxing night at Balliwalla's Grand Theatre, Tardeo. Some weeks ago a boxing contest was held at the Grand Theatre, and Sub-Inspector Melville of the Bombay Police, and Lance-Corpl. Cranbrooke of the Royal Warwickshire Regiment fought for the middleweight championship of Bombay. The winner Melvile was at once challeged by another boxer, Baker, and these are to meet on Thursday. The sporting elite of Bombay including the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Russell, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman, and Colonel Vaughan, commanding the Royal Warwickshire Regiment have extended their patronage and it promises to be a grand sporting night. In addition to this match for the middleweight championship, the card for the evening includes another interesting item is a wrestling match. Other boxing contests have also been arranged and Mr. K. M. Balliwalla, proprietor of the Grand Theatre and Victoria Theatrical Company has promised to give away Rs. 1,000 in purses to the contending pairs. Seats may be booked at Messrs. McAlpin and Co., and the plan reveals a large sale already.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

JEEJEEBHOY FAMILY SUIT.

Claim for Ornaments.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, on Saturday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman resumed the hearing of the suit brought by Mr. Jamsetji Rustomji Jamsetji against Awabai J. C. Jamsetji and another in which the plaintiff claimed to recover from the defendants certain ornaments for Rs. 135,000 and for the administration of the estate of Bai Motibai.

The Hon'ble Mr. Setalwad, Mr. Bahadurji and Mr. K. B. Dastur, instructed by Messrs Jehangir, Gulabbhai and Billimoria appeared for the plaintiff and the Hon'ble Mr. Strangman, Mr. F. Sorabji Talyarkhan and Mr. Rustom D. N. Wadia instructed by Messrs. Kanga and Sayani for the defendants.

Further examined by Mr. Setalwad, the plaintiff said after the 21st March, the box remained with him for about a month. After a month, Motibai asked for an ear-ring which her mother desired to see. She also wanted the ornament as she wished to get it valued owing to the rise in the prices of diamonds and pearls. The writing of good wishes given on the 21st March, witness kept apart in his drawer for some time and then gave it to his brother-in-law Rustomji who was then living with him. Witness gave the ear-ring to Motibai, who returned it again to him two or three days after and witness placed it again in the box. A month after, Motibai told witness that jewellers had come to her mother several times to value the ornaments and if witness were to be away, there would be trouble as the fact of the gift would be made known. She therefore suggested that she should keep the ornaments. As he had great confidence in her, witness agreed to the proposal and gave her the box. After that the box remained with Motibai and it had remained with her with all its contents ever since. Witness demanded the ornaments from her in 1906, when he vacated the house. Motibai said the ornaments were safe and that the witness need not be anxious about them. She then passed a writing reciting the gift and possession. It was in witness' hand-writing but signed by her. Motibai was then living with her sister, the first defendant and she wished to conceal these facts. Motibai died of cancer in August, 1909. At the time of Motibai's death, witness was confined to his bed, an operation having been performed on his eye. Witness was not aware of subsequent wills of Motibai. Witness learnt of them after her death, witness first learnt of the alleged gift of the necklace to the second defendant six months after Motibai's death. Among the ornaments were four diamond bracelets and a diamond ring.

Cross-examined by the Advocate-General, witness said he was a fire insurance agent and earned about Rs. 5,000 a year. Motibai was on affectionate terms with the two defendants. He did not suggest these ornaments belonged to her husband. Motibai had obtained letters of administration of her husband's estate which she swore was valued at Rs. 7,200. The first will of Motibai was not the witness' will. He would be surprised to hear that Motibai had only two diamond bangles at this time Motibai had a safe and a cash box. He did not know if she kept the cash box in the safe. Motibai never showed the ornaments in the presence of her mother and sisters. The only person besides the witness who knew of the gift was Furdunji. Motibai was very well at the time of the gift and she did not think she was going to die. He did not know if Motibai had any other property besides the Rs. 3,500 she got from her husband's estate. The reason for making the gift was that she was afraid that if she died before her mother, witness would get nothing out of her mother's estate. She also said that the ornaments would be very useful to his wife. The writing in which the most valuable ornaments were described was not a forgery. He had not torn a letter of Motibai in half and utilised her signature. Motibai took back the ornaments to conceal the fact of the gift. That was the only reason why she took back the ornaments. Under the second will dated April 1903, the plaintiff got half of the estate and the second defendant got the other half. The reason of making the second will, witness thought, was that Motibai was under the influence of the defendants. At that time she was friendly with the witness. He did not know that she sold in 1905 the emerald described in the plaint. This was the first time he had heard of it. In January 1907, seven months after the death of Motibai's mother, witness asked for the ornaments but she kept them with her in order to conceal the gift from her sister, the first defendant, and others on her side. On the 25th November, 1906, she sent a letter to her solicitors to alter her will whereby he would have no right to the ornaments but would have merely a legacy of Rs. 5,000 in all on account of his misbehaviour to her. Witness said that the allegation in the letter was absolutely false. His explanation was that she was under the very strong influence of the defendants. She did not intend to revoke the gift at all. He did not know if Motibai was in the habit of writing important documents on scraps of paper. Witness suggested to her that she should take a better paper. She said the paper was handy and there was no necessity to find a better paper. He would be surprised to hear that the emerald of the ear-ring was sold prior to the writing given by Motibai. Witness was not at all anxious about the ornaments. It was her idea to pass these documents. It was her look out to see that though there was ample room on the paper, so that her signature would not run into witness' handwriting, as was the case. It did not appear to him to be peculiar. He denied that a figure 7 in the date 1907 had been altered from a nought. Motibai wrote the date. The most valuable part of the ear-ring was the emerald. If she had sold it in 1905 or 1906, it would follow that she was telling a lie when she passed a writing in 1907. She might have told the untruth so as not to displease the witness. By a codicil of January 1907, she had revoked the other bequests to the plaintiff except the Rs. 5,000 to be paid to him. This codicil was executed under the undue influence of the defendants and to please them. He regretted to say that Motibai had deceived him by doing this. He had no suspicions of Motibai till her death. Since March 1907, witness and his brother had been living in another part of the town. After that till her death thirty months after, he saw her only thrice. He avoided her as it was her desire that he should not go to her often lest others should suspect. He would be surprised to hear that on the marriage of the second defendant in March, 1907, the necklace was presented to her by Motibai. He heard of this about five months after the death of Motibai and about the report appearing in "The Oriental Review." He was surprised to hear that his name was in the list of guests. His name was specially omitted. Motibai was very fond of her niece, the second defendant. He did not remember whether she passed him any writing after the marriage. On the 9th August 1909, Motibai made her last will by which witness was to get Rs. 3,000 and Rs. 2,000 on the occasion of his marriage. She died in November, 1909. He did not forget about the gift of the ornaments.

Further hearing was then adjourned.

THE TRICUMDASS MILLS MORTGAGE.

Raja Bahadur's Second Claim.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, on Saturday, Mr. Justice Dinshaw Davar resumed the hearing of the suit brought by Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal against the Tricumdas Mills in liquidation in respect of his claim of two lakhs with regard to the mortgage of the mills.

The Hon'ble Mr. Jinnah with the Hon'ble the Advocate-General and Mr. D. F. Mulla, instructed by Messrs. Bhaishankar, Kanga and Ghirdharlal appeared for the plaintiff; Mr. D. N. Bahadurji and Mr. C. H. Setalwad, instructed by Messrs. Payne, and Company, were for the defendants.

Mr. Bahadurji, in course of his address, cited several English and Indian authorities to support his contention that the principle of equity referred to by Mr. Jinnah in course of his opening did not apply in this case. He contended that there was no separate deed of charge in this suit. All that was given was a receipt for two lakhs which originally bore an anna stamp. When the parties went to have it registered, they asked the Stamp Superintendent to affix a four anna stamp but as the document related to a mortgage deed, the latter demanded Rs. 1,000. Under the circumstances the document was void.

Counsel then referred to the loan by the Bank of India and the undertaking given by the mills to the Bank and addressed the Court on that part of the case.

The case is proceeding.

LATE PROTECTOR OF PILGRIMS

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Lhasa, 950 tons, Captain H. McDiarmed, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Karachi, with a general cargo, 12 cabin 188 deck passengers.

The steamer Torrington 3,619 tons, Captain A. Weddess, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Port Said, in ballast.

The P. and O. S. N. Co's steamer Egypt, 4,207 tons, Captain D. Ashbury, sailed on Saturday for London with a general cargo and passengers.

The Wilson Line steamer Othello, 3,327 tons, Captain A. Proctor, sailed yesterday for Hull via Karachi, with a general cargo.

The steamer Goldmouth, 4,863 tons, Captain F. Evans, sailed yesterday for Aroe Bay, in ballast.

H. M. S. Alert, Commander H. G. O. Somerville, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Muscat, which port she left on the 25th July.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Dwarka, 759 tons, Captain W. Moxon, arrived in harbour yesterday from Bosreh via Karachi, with a general cargo, 5 cabin and 49 deck passengers.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Friday, 28th July, should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS

R I M S Harlinge ...Comdr ... ...Luck .....R I Marine
R I M S Northbrook ..B ll Jones ....R I Marine
R I M S Mayo...Lt Comdr.....Finnis .....R I Marine
R I M S Palinurus .....Lt W Taylor .....Survey Vessel

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—July 29.

Adamsturm .....3158 Hosenbeir...W & A Graham & Co
Breconshire.....3323 Evans ....M M & Co
Baltonhall..... 2264 Gast .....P Morrison & Co
Delta .....478 Martin ..Shanghai.....16-8...P & O Co
Fakhri .....2555 Baldvin.....Bo & H S N Co
Gailes .....555 Pratt.....K Nixon & Co
Gogevale ....2038 Blair .....C H A Gershaw
H im .....7o8 Eriksen.....F F Campbell & Co
Helios .....849 Berg .....F F Campbell & Co
Kilchattan.....2417 Eno .....Shaw Wallace & Co
Lawoe ..... 151 Francis ....H T Ayoob
Nawab... .....2041 Elliott...Calcutta.....T M & Co
Sirdar a..... ..2071 Nasin .....M M & Co
Torrington .....3019 Weddess ...W & A Graham & Co
Zillah..... .....2412 Webb r .....T M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—July 29.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Dates.	Agents.
A Moltkefels	3034	Schneider	Hamburg		via Karachi 5-8	W & A Graham & Co
D & E Steenberger	2455	Jango	Rotterdam		W & A Graham & Co
G Naderi	1165	Hughes	Aden	31-7	B & P S N Co
K Sabarmati	521	Ahmed			B S N Co
K Saraswati	443	Ebram	Bhownagger	2-8	B S N Co
L Bahaduri	529	Ahmed	Mormogoa	31-7	B S N Co
O Islami	1606	Green	Jeddah	3 8	B & P S N Co
Q Majdi	1257	Newby	Jeddah	7 8	P & P S N Co
Symerlo	2558	Williams			G Rajbuoy

VICTORIA DOCK.

2 Castalia	4031	Hamilton	Liverpool	7-8	W & A Graham & Co
3 Stocrion	2032	Gore	Manilla	8-7	B M & Co
6 Electric	2332	Wallace	Baltimore	4-8	W & A Graham & Co
6 Crossby	2531	Bovey	T Morrison & Co		
7 Trieste	3203	Vannicia	Trieste	1-8	A Lo & Co
9 Chanda	3957	Tice	Antwerp &c	9-3	M M & Co
10x11 Arcadia	3573	Barcham	Shanghai	2-8	P & O Co
12x13 Persia	4193	Haugston	London	12-8	P & O Co
15 Vadala	2164	Tipper	Calcutta	2-8	M M & Co

B I DOCK

Kasara..... ..595 Persian Gulf ... ...M M & Co

M W D D

Shah Jehan .....2563 Bord... .... M I & Co

30 tons crane.

Dredger Kaphas ..474 Lyon... ... ...B P Trust

H M V D

Lhasa ....950 McDiarmid ... ...Karachi... ..4-8 .. M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

July	Vessels	Commanders	From
29	Lhasa	McDiarmed...	Karachi, July 27
	Torrington	Weddess	Port Said, July 16
30	Dwarka	Moxon	Bushire, July 22
	H M S Alert ...	Somerville ..	Muscat, July 25

DEPARTURES.

July	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination
29	Can Leslie	Goodwin	Antwerp &c.
	Egypt	Ashbury	London &c.
30	Othello	Proctor.....	Hull via Karachi
	Goldmouth	Evans	Aroe Bay

DAILY EXPORTS—JULY 29.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Castalia s—1,527 cwts myrabolams, K Kessowji and Co; 69 bales wool, N Gouldass; 25 bales wool, S Gambhirchand; 90 cwts condiments, M Poonjiaji and Sons.

FOR LONDON.

Persia s—3,000 cwts bonemeal, Cox's Shipping Agency; 20 cwts gum, M Jafferbhoy; 4,000 cwts mussoor, Ralli Bros.

FOR HULL.

Othello s—550 cwts cottonseed, A Khimji.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Casalia s—2,000 cwts mowraseed, L Dreyfus and Co; 990 cwts wheat, J Fachiri.

FOR BARCELONA,

Castalia s—50 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons.

FOR ANTWERP.

Chanda s—1,250 tons manganese ore, The Shivrajpur Syndicate.

FOR NEW YORK.

Ellerie s—600 cwts myrabollams, K Kessowji and Co; 125 cwts condiments, M Poonjiaji and Sons.

FOR GENOA.

Siberien s—1,001 cwts linseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 100 cwts cashewnuts, R R Ghandy.

FOR TRIESTE.

Trieste s—115 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 1,000 cwts poppyseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR HAMBURG.

Torrington s—57 bales hemp, Kiddle Reeves and Co: 200 cwts kurdeeseed, Volkart Bros; 7 bales cotton, 345 bales cottonfly, W Wolf and Sons.

Steenberger s—100 cwts cashewnuts, M Gunesh.

Molkefels s—101 cwts gum, J Nurbheram; 184 cwts myrabollams, A Khimjee.

FOR HONGKONG.

Arcadia s—20 cwts sharkfins, E Moledina; 24 cases condiments, M Poonjiaji and Sons; 241 boxes silver dollars, The Hongkong Bank; 75 boxes silver dollars, The Mercantile Bank; 75 cwts fennelseed, 57 cwts myrabollams, 3 cwts gum, P Jethabhoy; 40 chests opium, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Arcadia s—125 bales twist, A E J Abraham; 10 1-2 chests opium, C Bomonji and Co; 2 chests opium, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Arcadia s—10 cwts gallnuts, H Cumroodin.

The Roman imperial bronze head recently discovered in an excavation at Merco by Professor J. Garstang has been placed on exhibition in the Classical Bronze Room of the British Museum.

Major G. B. Sanford who conducted the military massed bands at the Coronation Durbar in 1902-3, and who composed the State music for all the functions on that occasion including the splendid Proclamation March on the 1st January, 1903, has, we hear, composed and scored another Coronation March which was sent home months ago and has since been purchased by Messrs. Boosey and Co., for publication in England. Considering that this march has been composed by an officer of the Indian Army for the Indian Coronation, it will be a pity if it is not accepted for use at the forthcoming Durbar.

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White Rose, 150 deg.	5 12 2	do.
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Devoes Brilliant 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey, 125 deg.	4 0 2	do.
White Camelia 125 ° (in tins)	3 10 0	per two tins.
Elephant, 125 deg. (in tins)	3 10 0	do.
do. 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 0 0	per 8 gallons
Camel 125 deg. (in tins)	3 10 0	per two tins

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THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire" d.," at No. 12 Apollo Bow. Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

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Postal letters and covers should be addressed BOX 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

Monday, 31st July, 1911.

RUBBER PESTS AND DISEASES.

PROFESSOR ROBERT WALLACE, who has studied the idiosyncrasies of the crowded plant world, contributed an interesting paper to a contemporary on the diseases and pests that injure rubber and he makes suggestions as to the remedies that might cope with these invaders, bidding the planter remember that he has taken to himself, in the Hevea Brasiliensis, a tree of which he knows little beyond its faculty of secreting the best latex, his purpose being to build up his fortunes on the most reliable rubber foundation. This tree he transplanted from its native air to his own country, so he must not be surprised if it should feel the change acutely, and develop tendencies that it might never have displayed in its birthplace and that render it susceptible to the attacks of enemies which destroy its use for the owner. The planter cultivates it on a method of his own, expecting nature to second his efforts, but it is not always certain that she will. She was not consulted very much in the first instance and she has her reserves and her jealousies, while the delicacy of the transplanted forest-tree renders it an easy victim to the swarm of evils it knew naught of in its own home. In the Malay Peninsula, the centre of the artificial cultivation of the Hevea Brasiliensis and of the hopes of so many planters and companies, the worst of its fungoid enemies is now "Fomes semi-tostus" which attacks rubber trees of all ages, being specially deadly to young ones, its inroads being imperceptible and the damage irreparable until they fade and die. It adopts the habits of a saprophyte living on dying stumps and the remains of such jungle trees left in the area hurriedly reclaimed for the planting of the Hevea. From these stumps, when more or less completely consumed, it sends its white mycelia like cords in search of more sustenance and for want of decaying wood, they seize on the roots of the living Para rubber tree. These cords can force their fatal way through the soil as far as six inches from the infected centre without any decayed wood or withered leaves to sustain them, keeping out of the light and providing an acid medium for themselves. They enter the healthy rubber tree through the root-bark, and very soon discolor it and render the wood within brittle. If this fungus makes good its position in a plantation it will remain as long as it can find enough of decaying wood to live upon.

There are other methods of spreading the Fomes than travelling underground; minute spores are carried by the wind, by insects or by animal agency to any odd piles of dead timber where they renew their strength and thence march merrily through a plantation. The fact that living tissue is not what they really want make the measures to be employed against this fungus fairly simple. These are segregation and disinfection involving destruction of the trees infected and cleansing of the soil before any new planting is attempted. Another root disease of the Hevea is the "brown thread"; this attacks many plants besides such as, tea, cotton, and cacao. It is easily distinguished from Fomes though it may attack the very same tree: it grows more slowly and has a curious trick of gathering and cementing earth and stone round the roots. It kills the tree very effectually, but leaves it hard and firm in the ground. The cortical tissue dries up and so does the flow of latex. The same methods can exterminate this as can kill the Fomes. Then comes the canker on "Nectria" that attacks all parts of the Para tree, stem, branch and fruit, at all ages, but it prefers the very mature tree. This is not unlike the familiar apple-tree canker. The wind and insects help its dissemination and even the rain may wash it from the upper branches of a stricken tree on to healthy ones. Burning is the only way the spores, once established can be prevented from growing. Up to now it has not assumed formidable dimensions, but Professor Wallace does not look on that as a guarantee that it will not increase for the coffee-leaf disease and the potato-disease made a timid entry into the fields they devastated later. Shaving the bark of suspected trees will reveal whether the inner coat be white and greenish or dull red. In the latter case the fungus has done its worst and the tree dies. Excision of the diseased parts and painting the wound with sulphate of copper will be useful. Our old friends, the white ants, are furious enemies of most growing things. Among the hundred species that are at home in the Malayan Peninsula only one, the "Termes Gestroi," attacks living Para and Ficus trees. The tree cotton, the cocoa-nut and many other trees are quite as much at their mercy. These "Termes" are most daring in their attacks on the rubber trees, sallying forth from a central and hidden nest, under broad burrows skilfully engineered, a foot or two below the surface of the ground, in the direction of living trees which they have apparently marked for exploitation, and also towards suitable sites for establishing out-lying camps. The campaign is all carried on underground, and is both rapid and concentrated. There are seldom any surface indication of the attack before it is far too late for remedial measures. The ant aims at the tap-root and destroys it with little delay. The fall of the tree is thus assured and the economic mind of the white ant is satisfied for its supply of dead wood is safe for the moment. Should heavy rain bring the ants to the surface, they at once set about making earth encasements to mask their attack on the bole of the tree. Here again imperfect clearing and burning of the jungle provide the Termites with the desired oppurtunity and they avail themselves of it. As long as they find a sufficiency of dead wood they do not trouble about the living, but the supply running out they proceed to manufacture it for themselves regardless of the interests of the owner.

To get rid of the white ants, the citadel of the colony must be located. Once found a trench is dug round it, three feet away including the burrows that lead to the suffering trees. In a couple of days the termites make fresh covered ways on the sides of the trench and thus betray their exact direction. Then deadly fumes of arsenic and sulphur heated on red charcoal are pumped into the trench, finding their way into the burrows, and if necessary into the trees, where they are hollow. This treatment requires care, but is effective and not costly. The nests are found to be composed of comminuted woody fibre, or the dead wood of the tree that has passed through the bodies of the Termites, but the burrows and covered ways are of common earth, digested. This list enumerates the worst foes so far discovered of the Hevea of the Malay Peninsula. There are a few leaf-eating and leaf-sucking insects, but they do little damage and are easily subdued. The boring beetle, too, has learned to attack weak trees, but his depredations are preventible. A disease called "Die Back" has not yet been scientifically investigated and consequently rules for its control cannot be formulated. It is clear that man has not the rubber-field to himself, he has to share its riches with insects and disease. These can find provender elsewhere, if they are banished from the rubber garden of his hopes, while the planter has staked his all on the Hevea, which he has taken so much trouble to capture and cultivate in an alien country and clime. The margin of profit is narrowing. It must not be monopolised by insects and fungus.

DOMINION NAVIES. SIR WILFRID LAURIER has quickly given practical effect to the views he expressed on Imperial Defence at the Imperial Conference. His proposals for a naval agreement between Great Britain, Canada, Australia and New Zealand have already been placed before the Dominion House of Commons. They seem to constitute a practicable scheme, and the Dominion parliaments should not have much difficulty in accepting them. They provide, generally speaking, that during peace time each of the auxiliary navies shall be under the exclusive control of the Dominion to which it belongs, except during periodical training with British vessels, and while in foreign ports; during war-time the Dominion fleets are to form an integral part of the British naval forces throughout the war. Training and discipline will be uniform with that of the British Navy, but we wonder whether the experts of the Admiralty will approve the proposal that the Dominion navies shall be exclusively under the inspection of their own Governments. This is not a question on which it would be wise perhaps to press the Dominions, as they will assuredly be very jealous of preserving complete control, and for practical purposes the recommendations, which the Admiralty will presumably make to the Dominions after the periodical trainings, will to a large extent substitute powers of inspection. The Dominions, according to the provisions of the agreement, will accept the standards of the British Navy, and may be expected to listen to the reasonable representations of the Admiralty with a sympathetic ear. From the point of view of efficiency it would, no doubt, be better were the Admiralty to exercise a larger measure of control; at the same time the Dominions, if they provide the navies, have a right to make their own provisions for their maintenance, without the influence over their naval expenditure, which any closer direction by the Admiralty would involve, while the agreement, as it stands, contains provision for a marked advance towards the attainment of a united Imperial naval force. It is noticeable that it does not propose to include South Africa. South Africa, as we know, is not prepared to undertake naval expenditure at present, but an article foreshadowing a further development of her attitude has recently appeared in a semi-official Pretorian paper and at the present moment is particularly significant. We publish the more important portions of this in another column, where it will be seen that the "Volkestein" contends that in case of a war in which Great Britain and "other independent states of the Empire" were engaged, South Africa might with propriety adopt an attitude of neutrality. The article further seeks to show that in certain circumstances, for strategical reasons, an attitude of neutrality on the part of South Africa would be more advantageous to Great Britain than her active assistance. The newspaper, which publishes these views, is said to be in close touch with General Botha and in view of the attention, which has been given to it at Home and in other parts of the Empire, a statement by the South African Premier would be opportune.

THE CHILIAN PONY. A MILITARY correspondent of the *Times* sings the praises of the Chilian pony, which he describes as possessing marvellous endurance, and equal docility. It is light in make and at the same time of a sturdy type. Accustomed to sharp changes in a climate that runs to extremes of heat and cold, and to irregular and scanty feeding, this Creole pony of the Andes, 25 days out of 30, can carry a rider and his impedimenta throughout a long day's journey, at an even pace, and be lively and ready next morning for a similar march. The writer owns to a feeling of deep respect and admiration for the powers of the ponies with which he made acquaintance in Chile, though when he saw a troop of thirty of these animals, alloted to him for a journey of 300 miles, which included crossing the slope of the Andes and fording or swimming nine rapid and fairly wide rivers, his first sentiment was dismay at their sorry and dishevelled appearance. But after the journey his opinion altered. Each individual of his party used three ponies, changing them thrice every day, and the 300 miles were successfully negotiated on the third day from the start, in time for dinner, of which all must have been badly in need, for not one ounce of food was carried on the road. The same ponies do this journey—only doubling it—four times a year and they are in no way exceptional animals. A carefuly selected one will do his 120 miles in a day, carrying his rider on a native saddle that weighs anything from nine to thirteen stone. The price of the Chillian pony—he is small, from 13 1-2 to 14 1-2 hands high, clean-limbed and outwardly resembling a mule, but minus the terrible obstinacy of that creature—runs from £5 to £8, and the correspondent believes that a shipload could be landed anywhere in the world for £10 a head. They would be invaluable as well as economical as army remounts in war-time. Had they been thought of, or available, during the South African campaign they would have been of more use than those actually brought from South America which were accustomed to rich feeding and plenty of it in the lucerne regions of fertile Argentina and knew nothing whatever of the privation and hard work that war entails on both ridden and rider. These pampered horses cost six times what a Chilian pony could have been bought for, and they proved to be of the most limited utility or endurance, for not much more than 30 per cent of them survived six months' field work. The Chilian pony being inured to what is practically a tropical summer, and to an intensely cold winter, when he has to scrape through the snow to find his scanty food, would have been quite at his ease in the South African climate and ready for the sustained hard work, with the short and irregular commons of a campaign. His hardy constitution would insure him against all ills, but the casual fatalities of gun-fire. As a show charger or regimental mount in peace time, he might have much to be desired, but when extra supplies of horses are required in an emergency, it would be as well to bear in mind the fact that Chile has droves of such animals and could be indented on with advantage by the remount department without running up big bills and adding to the war mortality by purchasing "soft" and young horses used to good living and innocent of any knowledge of hard times as hard work.

A FRONTIER correspondent reports that a regular motor service between Kabul and Landi Khana is likely to be established next cold weather.

No further news has been received of the fighting in Bajour and Dir, but a considerable number of tribesmen are still apparently under arms. The road to Chitral remains open.

RECENT news from South-eastern Persia shows that the caravan routes are almost entirely interrupted, bands of robbers having become particularly active in the province of Kerman.

It is reported from Kabul that Sardar Kakojan, Private Secretary to the Amir, is dead. A number of Mahomedan and Hindu families, refugees from Afghanistan, are returning to Kabul in accordance with a firman issued by the Amir.

THE Government of India have decided that travelling allowances shall be admissible to Staff Officers attending examinations for admission to the Staff College, on each occasion on which they present themselves for examination and qualify, but fail to gain admission. These officers may also, at their option draw detention allowance on such occasions in lieu of staff pay.

NEWS has been received that a Government of India scholarship of £150 a year for Oriental studies has been awarded to Mr. J. S. Taraporewalla, B.A., Barrister-at-Law, who is a professor of English at the Central Hindu College, Benares. Mr. Taraporewalla, who is a distinguished scholar in Sanskrit, French and German will proceed to a German university to take his Ph. D. degree.

THE Berlin correspondent of the *Echo de Paris* learns that the inclusion of Germany in the Arbitration Treaty between the United States, Great Britain, France and Japan is an accomplished fact.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

MOROCCO.

French and Germany Claims

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, JULY 15.

The Morocco question came up in the Chamber immediately after luncheon on Tuesday afternoon. In spite of the heat and the approach of the holidays, a large number of deputies attended to hear what answer M. de Selves, the new Minister for Foreign Affairs, would give to two or three formal requests to accept a general debate on the Morocco question postponed since July 4 last. M. de Selves spoke briefly, with his customary suavity. "I know the sprit of wisdom and patriotism that penetrates the Chamber," he said. "Pourparlers" are now opened and conversation has begun. It is being continued with the calm and dignity worthy of two great Powers." M. Vaillant, the Socialist, interrupted with "You must say that it is for peace." This avoked cheers from the Socialist. M. Debaune, a Ministerialist, retorted, "For peace with dignity," arousing general cheers. M. de Selves went on:—"At the proper time we shall be the first to come to you to say how we have acted, and to ask whether you find that we have been equal to our task. Conversations will be continued with persistent and undiminished care for the dignity and the interests of France" (cheers), "and we shall take care to maintain with the other Power relationships of good and loyal understanding" (cheers).

This short statement was well received, and a demand by M. Jaures for a general debate was rejected by a majority of 400. The adjournment is "sine die." The first apparently authorised French version concerning the state of negotiations, or, as M. de Selves puts it, the "conversations," appears in the "Temps." Apparently the representatives of both Powers expressed regrets concerning their reciprocal action, France because of the German demonstration at Agadir, Germany because of the small result obtained by the Franco-German financial compact inserted in the Morocco agreement of 1909. M. Jules Cambon, the French Ambassador, pointed out that negotiations on the latter point were still continuing, and had never been broken off. Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter, the German Imperial Secretary for Foreign Affairs, showed himself disposed to continue the negotiations, and the discussion was confined to the agreement of 1909. M. de Selves instructed the French Minister at Tangier to forward a full report on the recent action of Spain at Alcazar. Subsequently he had a long conversation with Sir Francis Bertie, the British Ambassador in Paris.

GERMAN INTERVENTION.

Such strict secrecy is being observed over the negotiations and exchange of views between the Powers interested in the future of Morocco, that it is doubtful if there are any good grounds for the reports that are published of the alleged views of the various Governments, and it is safer to believe nothing but official statements and communiques. The surest key to the future in conjunctures like the present is to be found generally in a study of the past. In the light of all that has happened lately in Morocco, the move of Germany should not have occasioned any surprise. It was morally certain that the French advance upon Fez would spur on the Spanish to keep pace in another direction, and the simultaneous advance of both countries was equally sure to call forth German action.

In an article in the "Revew des Deux Mondes," M. Francis Charmes writes that a besetting sin of the French is to repeat a theory that suits their views until they are convinced that it is unassailable and to believe that others will be equally ready to admit it. "In this way," writes M. Charmes, "we have persuaded ourselves, by dint of saying, so that we have received a special mandate to maintain or re-establish order in Morocco, but, unfortunately, diplomatic papers show no trace of such a mandate." This is perhaps true so far as the conferring of any distinct mandate is concerned, but in the Franco-German Agreement of 1909, Germany recognised that "the special political interests of France are closely bound up with the maintenance of order and internal peace in Morocco," and this had been loosely interpreted—with the tacit consent of Germany up to now—as a general mandate.

M. Charmes' argument, however, goes on to show what the joint military advance of Spain and France is quite a sufficient excuse for German intervention, if it is allowed that Germany has any interests in Morocco, which was admitted by her initiating the conference of Algeciras. It seems scarcely open to doubt that Germany can claim that this Act has been torn to pieces, and will do so. The French may prove that they had very good reasons for acting as they did, and indeed, that they could hardly have done otherwise. They might even quote Bismarck, who said that no Government could ever subordinate the strength of its interests to its fragility of treaties, but Germany also acts, and has acted on this principle—being essentially a realistic country with a Government even more realist than the people. And both are agreed on their Moroccan interests. Ever since the visit of the Kaiser to Tangier Germany has nourished designs centred round Morocco. What these designs may be we have yet to learn, but the conversations begun by Pichon and resumed by M. Cruppi and M. Jules Cambon at Kissingen allow of a shrewd suspicion that she does not intend to give up Morocco to France and Spain without a substantial 'quid pro quo," either in the shape of financial and commercial participation in the exploitation of Morocco, or a freer hand and greater advantages elsewhere.

PANTHER'S MISSION ENDED.

It is stated that the "Panther" has now left Teneriffe to resume her voyage home. Her place in the performance of postal and telegraph services for the cruiser Berlin, which is still at Agadir, will be taken by the gunboat Eber, which has been acting as guardship in German South-West African waters. The Eber will also relieve the Berlin should that vessel require temporarily to visit other ports for coaling purposes. The semi-official "Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung" says that the dragoman of the German Consulate at Casa Blanca, Herr Steinfuehrer, who has died suddenly, was about to sail for Morocco to enable Herr Maenss, the Consul at Casa Blanca, to go on leave. Herr Steinfuehrer was to have been entrusted, besides his duties as Acting-Consul at Casa Blanca, with an especially important mission. In consequence of his death, Herr Maenss' leave has been postponed.

SPANISH MINISTER'S STATEMENT.

In a statement he made on Thursday respecting the situation in relation to Morocco, Senor Prieto, Spanish Minister for Foreign Affairs, remarked that, from the time Germany sent a ship to Agadir, public opinion had been concerning itself attentively with the conversations proceeding between the German Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs and the French Ambassador in Berlin. The Spanish Government, too, was following the matter with the attention it deserved, and would endeavour by all means to ensure recognition and respect for the just rights of Spain. The Minister added that he was sorry to see the Press campaign that was being carried on in France with the object of distorting the incidents that had occurred between Spaniards and Frenchmen. The Spanish Government, he concluded, would do its duty.

ANOTHER MOROCCO INCIDENT.

There seems to be an impression in Paris that not much progress will be made in the negotiations between France and Germany till next week, and public opinion in Paris is more occupied just now with the aggressive doings of Colonel Sylvestre at Alcazar. M. de Selves, the Foreign Minister, had a long conversation with M. Geoffray, the French Ambassador to Madrid, who is now in Paris, and he has also telegraphed instructions to M. Martin, who is in charge of the Embassy there, as to a demand for explanations on the arrest of French proteges. Several writers claim that this incident ought to be separated from the general Morocco question, and be treated drastically by France; but in truth only one side of the question has yet been heard in Paris, namely, reports sent mostly by French correspondents at Tangier, where news may very likely arrive in a distorted form. Be that as it may, public opinion here is somewhat excited, and claims the right to be informed at once of whatever explanations Spain may give as soon as they are received. The reply from Madrid, however, can hardly be received before Friday, and that being the great national holiday, it is doubtful whether anything more than a Press "communique" will be given till the Chamber meets again next week. An afternoon newspaper publishes a report dated from Cadiz which again has roused comment, to the effect that seven or eight German warships were in Moorish waters; but this has been promptly denied by the German Embassy. In the same way the alleged Note of America concerning the eventuality of a German port on the Morocco seaboard is officially contradicted; but these stories keep the popular mind busy in the absence of any real information as to the intentions of Germany and the other Powers. For the present it is unless to quote any further comments and conjectures, of which, indeed, the Press is sparing, a general, "mot d'ordre' having gone out that the less said the better until there are grounds to go upon—which so far are wanting, through the ignorance of all but the Governments themselves of what is being done.

ATTACK ON FRENCH PREMIER.

In the Chamber of Deputies on Monday, a violent scene occurred during the discussion of a Socialist motion for the reinstatement of the dismissed railwaymen. M. Caillaux, the Premier, promised to take steps to induce the railway companies to take back as many men as was reasonably possible, but he refused to have recourse to measures against the companies. Continuing, the Premier said he might be in agreement with the Socialists in regard to democratic reforms but never in regard to demagogy and disorder. This remark gave rise to indescribable tumult. M. Jaures could be heard hurling vituperative epithets at M. Caillaux, and criticising in vehement and impassioned terms "those politicians who hoisted themselves upon the shoulders of the people in order to mount higher." M. Caillaux, in reply to the attack, merely shrugged his shoulders. The deputies of the Extreme Left and the Left rose with angry gestures, and shouted opprobrious remarks at one another, and in the uproar it was only with the greatest difficulty that they were prevented from coming to blows. In the end the President was obliged to suspend the sitting. When the debate was resumed, M. Colly (Socialist) made a violent onslaught on the Government and the railway companies. The order of the day pure and simple, which was accepted by M. Caillaux as a vote of confidence in the Government, was ultimately adopted by 433 votes against 86.

FRENCH NATIONAL FETE.

For the next two or three days Paris will be in a state of holiday-making that London, with its four Bank Holidays a year and Sunday closing, does not know. By the law of the land, when the national fete-day in France falls on a Friday, no debts due on bills of exchange or rents can be called in till the following Monday. As rents in Paris are due on the 15th, and this day now follows the national fete, landlords will have to wait till Monday, and tenants will very probably spend a good deal in amusements and trust to having time given them in honour of the Fourteenth of July. Already the boulevards are gaily decorated with bunting, and workmen are busy putting up electrical set pieces on almost every front. And the little booths that loafers delight to patronise are springing up from the Madeleine down to the Porte St. Martin, and farther. The most riotous activity, however, is at Montmartre, where all the middle of the boulevard is taken up by a fair that has already been in progress a week. Once there used to be three of these per annum on the boulevards Clichy and Batignolles, but the residents objected so strenuously that two have been abolished. The principal features are enormous merry-go-rounds and switchbacks, which are worked to the accompaniment of drums and fifes and cymbals which never cease their competition with the stentorian shouts of the showmen and the roaring of lions and tigers in a travelling circus. All these are, however, distinctly day shows, although their proprietors keep open all night. The real fun after dinner is the open-air dancing. In every square and piece of ground where there is dancing room neat pavilions have been erected, with the colours and scutcheons of the Republic, for bands, and in spite of the equatorial heat the Parisians prefer their "bals de quartier" to any marvels they can be shown or any prizes they may hope to gain in the multitudinous roulettes at a penny a chance, where tempting displays of watches, fans and jewellery, down to sticks of nougat, are set out as possible rewards. Dancing is already beginning to-night, as the temptation is too strong to be resisted but it will not be till to-morrow that the balls will be in full swing and the populace will be really enjoying itself on tiptoe. Another pleasure which is enormously looked forward to and is offered on this occasion only are the free performances at the Opera, Opera-Comique, Odeon and one or two other popular theatres. These cost the municipality about £800, though the real prices of the theatres that are thrown open would come to many times that amount. Although it might not be thought that a night at the Opera would be exactly pure delight to the lower classes, it is the mere idea of having been there and sat in the luxurious boxes and velvet-covered chairs or the stalls that pleases probably more than the performance itself. From early morning to-morrow the steps of the Opera will be occupied, and hundreds will spend the whole day there with their provisions in order to be in the front rows—at least next behind the first two or three, which are reserved for the blind. In one year the furnishings of the Opera were found to be so damaged by its unaccustomed audience that on the next fete all the seats were covered, but the democracy objected to this reflection on their manners and customs and stripped off all the "housses." The weather promises to be perfect, and there will probably be nearly a million of sightseers out at Longchamp in the morning, half of whom will remain to spend a happy day sprawling on the grass and under the shade of the trees in the Bois. As to the threat of "sabotage," it is fading away. The strikers, after all, are men and dearly love a fete themselves, and it is extremely unlikely that more than the feeblest attempt will be made by any except the most turbulent and disreputable to disturb the general pleasure. At present everything seems to point to an almost record fete.

NEW BLACK SEA FLEET FOR RUSSIA.

It is announced that the new naval programme for the building at Nikolaieff of three Dreadnoughts, nine cruisers, six destroyers, six submarines, and two machine-shop tenders will be carried out by the two and combined Baltic firms of Messrs. Bunge and Ivanoff. The constructive combination will also include the Russo-Baltic Iron and Steel Works, the Kolomenski works, the Kharkoff engineering works, the Franco-Russian works at St. Petersburg, and the Nikopol iron and steel works. Huge factories are to be established here for the production of armour plate, guns, and turrets. All the local yards will be brought into active co-operation, and the Admiralty yards are to be connected by a two-mile branch line with the Nikolaieff-Kharkoff Railway. The combined firms of Bunge and Ivanoff commands a working capital of £2,000,000, but they will be financed by the St. Petersburg International Bank, the Russian Bank for Foreign Trade, the Volga-Kama Bank, and the Russian Discount Bank. The credit assigned for the execution of the Nikolaieff

IMPERIAL NAVAL FORCES.

SIR WILFRID LAURIER'S PROPOSALS.

Organisation of Dominion Fleets.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

OTTAWA, JULY 29.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier has placed on the table of the Dominion House of Commons a proposal for a naval agreement between Great Britain Canada, Australia and New Zealand. The proposal provides that the naval services of the Dominions shall be exclusively under the inspection of their own Governments, and that the training and discipline shall be uniform with that of the British Navy.

The Dominion ships, it is further provided, shall fly the White Ensign as an emblem of the authority of the Crown. When they are in foreign waters, they shall report to and take orders from the Admiralty. They shall join British vessels in fleet exercises, when the Dominion ships shall be placed at the disposal of the Imperial Government.

In war-time they shall form an integral part of the British fleet throughout the war.

NOTABLE SOUTH AFRICAN OPINION.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier's attitude at the Imperial Conference on the position of the Dominions should Great Britain be involved in war gives, says the "Times," special interest and importance to an article which appears in the "Volksstem," of Pretoria, a newspaper which may be regarded as the semi-official organ of the Dutch section and which is in close touch with General Botha. It begins by referring to Mr. Bourassa's opposition to the Canadian contingents in the South African war, and proceeds to lay down the doctrine :—

The Union Constitution is in full accord with the theory that neutrality is permissible in the case of a war in which England and other independent states of the Empire are involved. Admitting that the executive authority rests with the King and is exercised by the Governor-General, still, without the advice of the Executive Council, consisting of the ministers, no act of government can be done. And though the control of the sea and land forces of the Union rests with the King or his representative, yet here also the influence of the Executive Council and the Minister for War is overwhelming. An express declaration or act from the different Colonial Governments is essential before any neutrality can be broken. It is nowise beyond question that one of the British Colonies might not be more useful to England by declaring neutrality than by proclaiming itself an ally. Neutrality exempts such colony, from hostilesttacks and abrogates the necessity of England's guarding the colony with ships and troops.

The article concludes by an application no less interesting than the main argument :—

In the case of a great war South Africa would occupy a position of great strategic importance, because it is probable that the Suez Canal would be blocked and that traffic would follow the Cape route. If South Africa decided to declare itself the ally of England, a considerable portion of the British fleet would necessarily be concentrated in South African waters for the defence of harbours and for communication with the rest of the world. South Africa would be continually exposed to attacks from England's enemies, and if among the enemies the German empire were included South Africa would have to hold its military forces prepared for war on land also. Now it is well known that England's tactics at sea would be to concentrate the fleet in European waters, and it is no secret that the overseas states could not count upon England for the protection of their coasts. In these circumstances England as well as South Africa would best be served by South Africa's neutrality. There are, of course, possible cases in which the neutrality of South Africa would offer none of these advantages.

WHAT THE ENEMY MAY HAVE TO SAY.

On the above subject the following letter appears in the "Times" of July 12 :—

Sir,—The publicists who talk of neutrality being permissible for any of the Dominions when Great Britain is at war seem to have forgotten that the permission would depend not on the British Government but on the enemy, and that the enemy would pay just as much or little regard as suited him to any local proclamation of neutrality or even independence. A belligerent may, no doubt, if it does suit him, treat a portion of hostile territory and its inhabitants as neutral; but this is wholly at his own discretion. Thus we treated Hamburg traders as neutral at one time in the Napoleonic war, though the city of Hamburg was technically enemy's ground. We did not wait for the Hamburgers to issue a manifesto of neutrality, which they were in fact not free to do if they would.

The law of nations knows nothing of an international unit, whatever its internal constitution may be, making war and peace in sections. Austria cannot be at peace while Hungary is at war, and if the United States go to war Massachusetts or California cannot be neutral. Massachusetts, indeed, would have much preferred to be neutral in the war of 1812. And what would Sir Wilfrid Laurier say to claim of the Province of Quebec to have no part in the wars of the Dominion?

If the publicists in question mean only that a self-governing Dominion is not compellable (save by the common enemy's direct attack)—an exception perhaps not altogether insignificant—to take any active part in the wars of the empire, it is unfortunate that they cannot say so without putting the word "neutrality" to a non-natural use.—I am, yours very truly.,

FREDERICK POLLOCK.

Lincoln's Inn, July 11.

PRINCE OF WALES' NAVAL TRAINING.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 30.

The Prince of Wales has been appointed Midshipman on the battleship "Hindustan."

SCARCITY IN RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, JULY 29.

Owing to the failure of the harvest in South-East Russia and the Siberian steppe region, the Government has decided to sell corn at cost price, and to organise relief works.

THE SEAMEN'S STRIKE.

LONDON, JULY 28.

The Cardiff strikes have been finally settled.

STEAMER ASHORE OFF JAPAN.

LONDON, JULY 30.

Fifty-five per cent. is being asked for re-insurance in the case of the vessel "Empress of China," ashore off the coast of Japan.

KING AND QUEEN AT COWES.

LONDON, JULY 29.

The King and Queen have gone to Cowes.

THE VETO BILL CRISIS.

Chamberlain Influence Flouted.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 29.

Earl Waldegrave, Earl Roberts and Viscount Churchill deny that they attended the banquet to the Earl of Halsbury, though their names were published in the *Daily Mail*, and other papers as having been present at the banquet.

The Press gives prominence to the resolution passed at a meeting of the Birmingham Conservative Association, assuring Mr. Balfour and Lord Lansdowne of their unflinching support.

The Liberals interpret the resolution as an act of defiance to Highbury.

LONDON, JULY 29.

It is anticipated that the House of Lords' amendments to the Parliament Bill will be considered by the House of Commons on Wednesday.

It appears certain that the House of Lords will ultimately pass the Bill, partly by wholesale abstentions of the Opposition, and partly by sufficient numbers of the Opposition voting with the Government to out-vote Lord Halsbury and the other so-called *die-hards*.

A meeting was held to-day at Grosvenor House, including the Earl of Halsbury, the Earl of Selborne, Lord Salisbury, Lord Willoughby de Broke, Lord Lovat, Mr. Wyndham, Mr. F. E. Smith, and Sir E. Carson.

A letter was read from Mr. Austen Chamberlain, urging that whatever happens they should firmly adhere to the "No Surrender" policy, to save the party from disgrace and disaster. It has been decided to hold public meetings in London.

"Shattered Constitution."

LONDON, JULY 29.

Mr. Balfour, in a letter to Mr. Hewins, a candidate at the Middleton bye-election, says that both Foreign and Imperial Affairs have abundant reason for anxiety at the refusal of the Government to deal with Colonial Preference, which threatens to disintegrate the whole system of commercial treaties.

The Government, continues the letter, "have shattered the constitution at the bidding of Mr. Redmond, and grossly abused their position as advisers of the Sovereign. Surely it is time that every citizen should awake to such dangers."

LONDON, JULY 30.

At the meeting at Grosvenor House it was decided to issue a collective manifesto.

Mr. Balfour, in a letter to a constituent, says it is a mistake to use language suggesting that the peers possess weapons with which they can continue to fight the Parliament Bill, but the country ought to realise that the Unionists regard the abuse of the prerogative by a modern Minister as not less fatal to liberty than ancient abuse of prerogative by a king. They will not and cannot acquiesce in a new revolutionary system, says Mr. Balfour, and they intend to substitute for it a remodelled Second Chamber with direct appeal to constituencies in certain cases.

BETHNAL BYE-ELECTION.

LONDON, JULY 29.

The result of the bye-election at South-west Bethnal Green was :—

Masterman (L)	2,745
Hofgaard (U)	2,561
Scurr (S)	134
Liberal majority over Unionist	184.

No change.

Previous results have been :—

Dec. 1910—E. H. Pickersgill (L), 2,768 ; E. Hoffgaard, (U), 2,086 ; Liberal majority, 682.

Jan. 1910—E. H. Pickersgill (L), 3,328 ; E. Hoffgaard, 2,350 ; Liberal majority, 978.

PERSIA AND THE EX-SHAH.

Protest against His Return.

LONDON, JULY 30.

The Committee of the All India Moslem League has passed a resolution declaring that the Mussulman subjects of the Crown view with grave concern the return of the ex-Shah and fear it may plunge Persia into a civil war which may be used as a pretext for aggression by interested states. They record their sympathy with the Persian people and hope the British Government will use its best endeavours to make to ex-Shah abide by his engagement, thus preventing bloodshed, disorder and anarchy, which is likely to undo the work so far achieved amidst great difficulties, and ensure Persia peace, and free and popular Government.

THE LOST "ABHONA."

B. I. Boat Sunk.

LONDON, JULY 29.

The Board of Trade enquiry held at Glasgow has found that there is no doubt that the steamer, which was seen to founder in the Bay of Biscay, was the "Abhona," but that there is no evidence to show the cause of the disaster. One theory is that the vessel struck some submerged wreckage, as other vessels have been injured near the same spot.

THE OPIUM CONFERENCE.

WASHINGTON, JULY 29.

All the great Powers have agreed to take part in the Opium Conference at the Hague on October 1st.

SIR F. YOUNGHUSBAND.

LONDON, JULY 29.

Sir Francis Younghusband has had a relapse.

POWERS AND MOROCCO.

German Welcome of Premier's Speech.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 28.

Reuter's Agency states that there is at present no question of summoning a conference on the subject of Morocco.

German official circles welcome Mr. Asquith's statement in the House of Commons yesterday, as putting an end to false conceptions of Britain's attitude.

LONDON, JULY 29.

The general relaxation of tension is apparent in the comments of the French and German Press on Mr. Asquith's speech.

The German Emperor has arrived at Swinemunde from his trip to Norway.

LONDON, JULY 29.

Dr. von Bathmann-Hollweg, the Imperial Chancellor, and Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter, Secretary for Foreign Affairs, have gone to Swinemunde to report on the situation to the Emperor.

MR. ANDREW FISHER.

Repudiation of Recent Interview.

LONDON, JULY 29.

Mr. Fisher, Premier of the Commonwealth, interviewed by Reuter's representative at Colombo, repudiated the interview with him, published in the *Review of Reviews*, in its entirety.

Mr. Fisher said it was his ambition to keep the flag flying with all its best traditions. He had never harboured the idea that Australia would break away from the Empire, nor wish to escape its duty in defending its honour. It would not be disloyalty, but insanity. It would be brutal and monstrous.

ADMIRAL TOGO'S GOOD-BYE.

LONDON, JULY 29.

Admiral Togo, in a message on the eve of his departure, says : "I will carry back unforgettable memories of the Coronation and the cordial treatment of myself by the Government and the people. I was greatly impressed with the loyalty of the people to Their Majesties, and could not restrain from crying in my heart '*Banzai*, for Their Majesties and the nation.'"

INDIAN CIVIL PENSIONS.

LONDON, JULY 29.

Mr. Montagu has introduced a Bill empowering the Government of India to grant superannuation allowances to the widow and other personal representatives of a civil servant, dying while on the active list.

SCULLING CHAMPIONSHIP.

Arnst Wins in Record Time.

SYDNEY, JULY 29.

In the contest for the World's Sculling Championship on the Parramatta River, Arnst beat Pearce by four lengths. His time was 19 mins., 46 secs., constituting record time.

* Previous results during the present century have been :—

Year.	Winner.	Loser.	Course.	Time M. S.
1901	G. Towns N. S. W.	J.A. Gaudaur St. Louis ..	Rat Portage ..	20 30
1901	G. Towns N. S. W.	R. Tresidder (Canada) N. S. W. ..	Parramatta ..	21 43½
1905	J. Stanbury N. S. W.	G. Towns N. S. W....	Parramatta...	19 47
1906	G. Towns N. S. W.	J. Stanbury N. S. W....	Parramatta...	19 53½
1907	G. Towns N. S. W.	F. Durnam Toronto ...	Nepean	22 27
1907	W. Webb N.Zealand	C. Towns N. S. W....	Parramatta...	20 45
1903	W. Webb N.Zealand	R. Tresidder N. S. W....	Wanganui R..	20 28
1908	R. Arnst N.Zealand	W. Webb N. Zealand.	Wanganui R..	19 52
1909	R. Arnst N.Zealand	W. Webb N.Zealand	Wanganui R..	18 15
1910	R. Arnst N Zealand	G. Whelch N. Zealand	Akaroa, N. Z.	21 50½
1910	R. Arnst N.Zealand	E. Barry England...	Zambesi R....	20 14½

Distance of Courses.—Parramatta, 3 miles 330 yds; Nepean, about 3 1-4 miles; Rat Portage, 3 miles with a turn half-way ; Wanganui River N Z, 3 1-4 miles ; Akaroa Harbour N Z about 3 1-4 miles; and Zambesi River, Rhodesia, about 3 1-4 miles.

CRICKET AT HOME.

Indians Lead on the First Innings.

LONDON, JULY 29.

The match between Northumberland and the Indians was resumed to-day in fine weather.

Northumberland carried their overnight total of 15 for two wickets to 296 for the completed innings, the Indians thus having a lead of 56 runs on the first innings.

Going in again the Indians scored 102, Skinner taking six wickets for 46.

County Matches.

Middlesex defeated Essex by an innings and 211 runs.

Warwickshire defeated Yorkshire by 198 runs, at Harrogate.

Kent beat Surrey by four wickets, at Blackheath.

Notts beat Gloucestershire, at Nottingham, by 289 runs.

Lancashire drew with Sussex at Eastbourne, but gained a first innings victory.

MR. WEIR'S ILLNESS.

Improvement Reported.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, JULY 30.

There is some improvement this morning, in the condition of Mr. Weir, Inspector-General of Education, Mysore, though he is, by no means, out of danger. His case has greatly puzzled the doctors. He called on Major Standage, on Thursday evening, and complained of feeling unaccountably ill. That night, after dinner, he collapsed and when the doctor was called in, he was as nearly pulseless as could be and it has been as much as science could do to keep the heart going during the past forty-eight hours. He had a slightly better night last night, and the best is hoped for to-day.

THE DELHI DURBAR.

List of Guests.

PLAGUE PRECAUTIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 29.

One of the special features of the Coronation Durbar in Delhi will be the Government of India Camp, which will accommodate the Members of the Councils and High Officials of the Government of India.

Besides them, there will be present His Excellency the Naval Commander-in-Chief. The Most Revd the Metropolitan of India and the Director of the Indian Marine.

At the last Durbar most of these officials were the Viceroy's guests. This year His Excellency the Viceroy himself and Lady Hardinge will be the guests of the King, hence the necessity of the Government of India Camp. The gentlemen, who have been invited to the Government of India Camp have been given the option of bringing either their wives or one of their daughters to the Durbar, a privilege which ought to be greatly appreciated. The following is the list of those invited :—The Hon. Sir Grey Fleetwood Wilson, the Hon. Mr. R. W. Carlyle, the Hon. Mr. S. H. Butler, the Hon. Mr. Syed Ali Imam, Bar-at-Law, the Hon. Mr. W.H. Clarke, the Hon. Mr. A. Earle, the Hon. Mr. J. M. Macpherson, the Hon. Mr. E. D. Maclagan, the Hon. Mr. J. S. Meston, the Hon. Mr. J. B. Brunyat, the Hon. Mr. B. Robertson, the Hon. Mr. L. C. Porter, the Hon. Mr. H. Sharp, the Hon. Mr. W. B. Gordon, the Hon. Sir Lawrence Jenkins, the Hon. Mr. Justice Harington, the Hon. Mr Justice Brett, the Hon. Mr. Justice Stephen, the Hon. Mr. Khan Zulfikar Ali Khan of Maler Kotla, the Hon. Mr. Malik Umar Hyat Khan, the Hon. Rao Bahadur R. N. Mudholkar, the Hon. Kour, Sir Raubir Singh of Patiala, the Hon. Nawab Syed Muhammad Sahib Bahadur, the Hon. Mr. Nyampally Subba Rao, the Hon. Mr. G. K. Gokhale, the Hon. Sir Vithaldas Damodar Thackersey, Hon. Babu Bhupendra Nath Basu, the Hon. Mr. Sachchidananda Sinha, the Hon. Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, the Hon Nawab Abdul Majid, the Hon. Sardar Partab Singh, the Hon. Mr. A K Ghuznavi, the Hon. Mr. Maung Bah Too, the Hon. Mr. M. B. Dadabhoy, the Hon. Raja Vairicherla Virabhadra Raza Bahadur, Zimindar of Kurupam the Hon. Mir Alla Baksh Khan Talpur, the Hon. Sir Bijay Chan Mahtab, the Maharaja Diraja Bahadur of Burdwan, the Hon. Raja Partab Bahadur Singh of Partab-Garh, the Hon. Raja Pramada Natha Ray of Dighapatia, the Hon. Mr. G. M. Chitnavis, the Hon. Sir Gulam Muhamad Ali Khan Bahadur, Prince of Arcot, the Hon. Mr Mahomed Ali Jinnah, the Hon. Mr. M. Mazharul Haque, the Hon. Raja Sir Muhammad Khan, Khan Bahadur of Mahmudabad, the Hon. Moulvi Syed Shamsul Huda, the Hon. Surgeon General C. P. Lukis, the Hon Mr. G. H. B. Kenrick, the Hon. Mr. C. Stewart Wilson, the Hon. Mr. F. E. Dempster, Mr. C. R. Cleveland, Mr. S. Renney, Sir John Benton, Mr. F. Beadon Bryant, Mr. R. W. Gillan, Colonel S. G. Burrard, Captain Walter Lumsden, the Metropolitan of India, the Hon. Mr. C. W. N. Graham, the Hon. Mr. R. G. Monteith, the Hon. Mr. W. C. Madge, the Hon. Sir Sassoon David, Kt., His Excellency the Rear Admiral Sir E. J. Slade R.N., Mr. E. A. Gait, Dr. Morris, Mr. W. Travers, and Mr. Saiyed Husain Bilgrami.

PLAGUE PRECAUTIONS.

SIMLA, JULY 30.

A Press communique issued from the Coronation Durbar states that in order to remove misapprehension as to the likelihood of an epidemic of plague during the Coronation Darbar at Delhi, the following facts are published for general information.

During the cold weather of 1910-11, Delhi and the districts of the Punjab adjoining it, Gurgaon, Rohtak and Karnal as well as the neighbouring districts in the United Provinces, Agra and Muttra on the west of the Jumna and Meerut, Muzaffarnagar and Bulandshahr on the East of the river were attacked by a severe visitation of plague. Of these only two, namely Meerut and Bulandshahr, actually adjoin the Delhi district, being in each case divided from it by the Jumna. The whole of this tract is now entirely free from plague. It is unusual for plague to attain any virulence in these places as early as in the cold weather as December, and over the whole period since the plague began deaths in the early part of December have been very small. In the past five years there have been only seven deaths from plague in Delhi City in the first half of the month. We have to go back to 1908 to find a year in which the course of plague was similar to that of the past year in the tracts in the neighbourhood of Delhi and the outbreak of plague in that year was followed by a comparative immunity in the following year. It is quite unsafe to predict the course of plague, but it would be more unsafe to infer that because plague has been bad in these tracts last winter, it would be bad in 1911-12 than that because it was bad there in one year it would not be severe there in the next. The general experience since the plague appeared in India justifies the anticipation that it will during the early half of December, 1911, be at least relatively mild in the neighbourhood of Delhi.

Every precaution is being taken by the Governments of the Punjab and the United Provinces, both within the Durbar area and within the neighbouring districts of the Punjab and the United Provinces to prevent the occurrence of an epidemic of plague during the next cold season. A Special Plague Officer has been appointed for Delhi city and the Durbar area, and each revenue sub-division of the Delhi district and each of the five contagious revenue sub-divisions has an officer of the Indian Medical Service, an Assistant Surgeon and a Sub-Assistant Surgeon as special plague staff. In this area there are also 123 local plague officers specially selected from the leaders of the people who have been trained to help these authorities who will be responsible for both taking precautions against outbreaks of plague and also the recognized measures with a view to stamping out any that may occur. Precautions of a similar character are being taken in the neighbouring districts of the United Provinces under the immediate direction of the officers of the Indian Medical Service who will be continuously on tour in each district of the Meerut Division. There will be four travelling dispensaries each in the charge of two Sub-Assistant Surgeons. The Coronation Durbar Committee have provided three special hospitals for the segregation and treatment of any cases of plague that may be imported into the Durbar area. All the camps will have special Sanitary Staff. An epidemic of plague in a temporary camp with no rat population is so unlikely that it may be regarded as impossible and the casual importation of individual plague cases into such a camp need cause no anxiety with the sanitary staffs available. The detection of any case should be easy and with prompt detection it can be treated so as to involve no danger to others. The few imported cases that occurred during the Durbar of 1903 were effectually treated so as to prevent any infection resulting from them.

ALLEGED DEFAMATION.

Prosecution by Bar Association

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JULY 29.

At Karachi, on Friday, before the District Magistrate, Mr. Beyts, for the Karachi Bar Association prosecuted John Cowen, Editor of the "Sind Gazette", under sections 499 and 500, Indian Penal Code, for defamation. Mr. Elphinston, Solicitor and Wadhumal Oodharam, Pleader, appeared on behalf of the Bar Association, with Mr. Da Verteval, Barrister, and Mr. Inarsing, pleader.

Mr. Raymond, the Public Prosecutor who was to conduct the Bar case was absent.

The accused appeared in person having declined the assistance of a counsel.

The case, as explained by Messrs Elphinston and Wadhumal arose out of two resolutions passed by the Bar Association at the end of May last, (1) protesting against the sudden removal of the City Magistrates and Additional City Magistrate's courts from the City to the Kutchery on account of the plague, and; (2) requesting that appointments to the post of Small Court Judge, Assistant Sessions Judge, First Class Sub-Judge, and City Magistrate should be made from the local Bar. The Karachi Bar protested in its resolutions against the removal of the Courts on the ground that it was unnecessary and caused great inconvenience, and they requested that in future they should be consulted whenever any change of location was contemplated. A Committee was appointed to take steps to secure for the Bar the posts mentioned in a second resolution. Upon this the "Sind Gazette" published an editorial note on May 31st, beginning "We do not know what is the precise position which the Karachi Bar claims for itself in the body politic" and expressing surprise at the tone of the Karachi Bar and advising them to "exhibit careful deference which is expected, of educated the men when face to face with authority." To this several barristers and pleaders replied in letters to the editor, justifying the action of the Bar Association and a further editorial article appeared, on June 6th, further condemning the Association's tone. The Bar Association called upon the editor to withdraw and apologise which he declined to do, and the present criminal action was entered.

Mr. Elphinston and Mr. Inarsing, Action Secretary of the Association, gave evidence and the hearing was adjourned to Friday next for the attendance of Mr. Raymond.

ATTACK ON A BRITISH OFFICER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 29.

On Thursday last, Lieutenant Everett, R. E., Garrison Engineer, Miranshah, was marching in company with Rev. Williams and Sub-Overseer Lokuram from Datokhel to Miranshah. While on the journey, a road cooly named Wali Mohammad, under pretence of presenting a petition, rushed at Lieutenant Everett with a knife. Lokuram with fine courage instantly grappled with the man, and was killed by two knife thrusts before his companions could secure the murderer. Wali Mohammad was eventually overpowered and taken to Miranshah.

TENT-PEGGING AT BANGALORE.

Fatal Accident to Naik.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, JULY 29.

While practising at the individual tent-pegging, last evening, in view of the coming assault-at-arms Naik Ahmad Bux of the 20th Deccan Horse slipped from the saddle, while in the act of taking a peg and falling on his head, sustained a fracture of the skull. He died to-day without recovering consciousness, and practically all the regiment attended his funeral.

INDIAN SOCIETY OF ORIENTAL ART.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 29.

A meeting of the members of the Indian Society of Oriental Art was held on Wednesday last in the house of Mr. Justice Holmwood, President, to discuss the programme of work during the forthcoming year. The three main divisions in which the Society carries on its aims and objects are publications, the grant of scholarships and exhibitions. The opinion of the meeting was that similar proceedings should take place on these three lines as in previous years, as in every direction the result has been satisfactory and justified the work done. Some discussion took place as to a scheme of reaching the traditional craftsman and endeavouring to develop his work on approved historical lines. Several valuable opinions were brought forward and a most interesting discussion took place. Each individual member of the society will take part in the first steps towards putting this scheme into effect. Among those present at the meeting were Mr. Justice Woodroffe, Mr. Levett Yates, Hon. Mr. Graves, Mrs Percy Brown, Mr. Blount, and Mr. A. N. Tagore.

LATER.

At the annual meeting of the Indian Society of Oriental Art, it was stated that the membership was 106, of whom 72 were ordinary members, 32 life members and 2 honorary. The accounts showed a credit balance of Rs. 3,923. Mr. Justice Holmwood was elected President, Mr. Abanindra Nath Tagore, Vice-President, and Mr. Blount, Joint Hon. Secretary and Treasurer or with Mr. Bhabani Charan Law.

THE MYSORE ECONOMIC CONFERENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BENGALORE, JULY 29.

The Committee in charge of the Industrial Section of the Economic Conference held a meeting last evening, the Chief Engineer of the Mysore P. W. D. Mr. Visvevaraya being in the chair. After discussing the subjects of an Industrial Survey of the State, the manufacture of iron and steel, the revival of large, decadent and cottage industries capable of development by cheap electrical power, feeder railways, etc. It was pointed out that a cement and a drainage pipe-factory were among the many possibilities, and that a number of associates might be created for each faculty of industries. The meeting then adjourned to the 26th August.

RAILWAY NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 29,

The total approximate gross earnings of State and Guaranteed Railways from April 1 to July 15, 1911, show a gain of Rs. 96,60,590 as compared with the corresponding figures for 1910-11.

Sanction has been accorded to the construction of two more broad gauge bogie corridor type of composite 1st and 2nd class carriages for the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway, which are needed to complete the requirements of corridor trains on this line.

SAVARCHUR DACOITY.

Further Details.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 30.

The following further particulars have reached here of the recent political dacoity at the village of Savarchur, near Bajitpur, in the Mymensing District. It is alleged that about sixteen respectably dressed men armed with guns, revolvers, swords and torch-lights entered a house, while the inmates, through fear, retired to a neighbouring house. The dacoits broke open an iron safe and took away about Rs. 3,000 in cash. The first information showed that they entered the house after nine at night. While returning, one of the dacoits fell into a ditch and was severely wounded on the head in a scuffle with a villager. The dacoit was disabled and was arrested while the others escaped leaving behind a revolver, some bottles, iron bars, cloth mufflers and other articles. The man arrested is one Jitendra Kanta Lahiri, a student of the first year class of one of the colleges. In consequence of a statement made by the arrested dacoit, a boy of the village, named Chopai, and another belonging to Tangail, also a student of Mymensingh, were arrested at the village of Baropara. The arrested men were brought to Mymensingh and kept in the lock-up. It is understood that they made different statements before the police.

At Mymensingh, last evening, several houses were searched by the police in connection with this dacoity. Different search parties were out. One party searched the house of Bhawani Charan Das an employee of the Collectorate, whose son, Upendra, a student of the second year class of the local college, was arrested on suspicion at Kishorganj. Another party were engaged in the search of the house of Janakinath Neogi, Muktatear, where another suspected College student resides. Nothing incriminating is reported to have been found. The details of these investigations are not yet known, but it is expected that there will be more house searches.

CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT IN BENGAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 30.

The fourth Provincial Conference of Co-operative Credit Societies was held yesterday in Writers Buildings, Calcutta. The Hon'ble Mr. Slacke, Member of Council, opened the conference and the Hon'ble Mr. J. G. Cumming, Secretary to Government in the Revenue Department, presided. Mr. W. H. Buchan, I.C.S., Registrar of Co-operative Credit Societies, acted as Secretary. Several official and non-official gentlemen, both European and Indian, were present and took part in the proceedings.

In opening the conference, the Hon'ble Mr. Slacke said "It gives me much pleasure to have had again assigned to me, the honours of welcoming you at your annual meeting and to be able to thank you, and especially the non-official gentlemen, for the labours you have so willingly given to this movement, since I realise it to be one that holds out promise of very considerable practical and educational advantages to the people of the country. One of the greatest drawbacks existing here is the want of trust, and that the co-operative credit system will in time remove to a very large extent. On the last occasion, when I had the pleasure of meeting you, I drew your attention to the important need of non-official helpers, and I am rejoiced to hear that there has been a great increase of non-official aid in the established area. I trust this will go on increasing and during my tours I endeavour to get Collectors and Sub-Divisional Officers to secure the assistance of influential Indian gentlemen in their districts. The figures giving the progress made in the last year as compared with that which preceded it, leave no doubt of the practical interest, which is being taken in the matter and show that the system is now recognised as one which supplies a real want. I refrain from entering into details with regard to these figures, but the chief impression they have left on me is that which I had last year, namely the crying need of more non-official assistance."

MADRAS PROVINCIAL CIVIL SERVICE.

Reorganisation Sanctioned.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 29.

The following Press "communique" is issued in the Home Department : The Secretary of State has sanctioned the proposals for the reorganisation of the executive branch of the Provincial Civil Service in Madras. The service will henceforth be constituted on a self-contained basis which will provide for officiating appointments being filled from the regular cadre, the total strength of the latter being increased from 96 to 136.

CHARGE OF FRAUD.

A Bogus Magistrate.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 29.

The Calcutta Police, yesterday, arrested a European named Smyth, alias Jameson who had come out to India from London as auditor. Being out of work he applied at the Methodist Publishing House for a post as general assistant and canvasser on a salary of Rs. 85 per month, plus commission on the sale of typewriting machines, and, while employed with this firm, he is alleged to have called at Messrs. Labhchand Motichand, jewellers and there stated that he was a magistrate of Hooghly. He informed the manager that he had collected a large sum of money from the inhabitants of Hooghly and had come to Calcutta to purchase a suitable present for an Indian magistrate who was retiring. He had decided, he stated, that a massive gold chain would be the most suitable present and asked to be shown some chains. He intimated his intention of purchasing one valued at Rs. 168-12, and asked that a peon might be allowed to accompany him for the payment. This was allowed on the accused mentioning the name of Mr. Macpherson, Commissioner of the Division. The accused drove off in a ghurry with the peon and at the Bengal Chamber of Commerce he took the chain from the peon and decamped. An enquiry is proceeding.

COMPLICITY IN MURDER.

Six Men Arrested.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 29.

Dr. Bidhu Bhusan Biswas, in charge of the Keshabpur Charitable Dispensary in the District of Jessore, has been arrested along with five other gentlemen of the locality on suspicion of complicity in the murder of one Peary Lall, whose dead body was discovered in a field. The deceased was said to be a police informer.

J. J. HOSPITAL NURSING ASSOCIATION.

Training of Indian Women.

The report and accounts of the Jamsetji Jijibhai Hospital Nursing Association, for 1910-11 states that the volume of work continued to increase and the staff was raised from 108 to 116, chiefly in the direction of increasing the number of Parsi and Indian nurses under training and of midwifery pupils. The health of the nurses throughout the year was good ; the work of almost all was satisfactory, and the nursing of the J. J. and Allied Hospitals was efficiently done without incident. The Committee, as heretofore, have steadily kept in view the importance of utilising the facilities at the Hospital as a training institution. The J. J. and Allied Hospitals are unequalled in this Presidency in the facilities they afford for the instruction of women in the art of nursing. Not only are there large surgical and medical wards, but the Motlibai Obstetric Hospital, the Petit Children's Hospital, and the Sir Cowasji Jehanghir Ophthalmic Hospital. During the year 14 nurses completed their training. Of these 6 were Europeans, 3 Parsis and 5 Indians. 24 nurses gained Midwifery Diplomas ; of these 6 Europeans and 2 Indians were awarded honours. The Committee again take particular pleasure in recording the progress of the work of training Indian nurses, of whom no fewer than 19 are now under instruction. A large proportion of these nurses are lost to the Hospital staff as soon as they finish their training, because they almost immediately obtain well-remunerated employment elsewhere. This is inevitable in the circumstances ; but the Committee feel amply rewarded for their efforts in the knowledge that the spread of a higher standard of Indian nursing throughout the Presidency leads indirectly to the far more efficient treatment of the sick. The Committee maintain a small staff of private nurses for the benefit of the general public. During the year these nurses attended 340 cases, an increase of 24 on the previous year. Out of these, 209 cases were medical and infectious, 131 surgical and midwifery, in both of which branches, as already mentioned, the Hospital possesses special training facilities.

Apart from routine work, the only event demanding special record was the final establishment of the Bombay Presidency Nursing Association, after discussions and consultation which have extended over six or seven years. The important idea underlying the formation of this Association is to provide a common standard of training examination, and a graded scale of pay, whilst leaving to each Association a strong and vigorous local autonomy over its own affairs. As the Association has only just come into existence, it is early yet to say what its influence will be, but the Committee are confident that, if the principle of central examination and local autonomy is rigidly adhered to, the Bombay Presidency nursing Service is bound to exercise a considerable influence in improving the standard of hospital nursing throughout the Presidency, especially in maintaining a Provident Fund.

The audited accounts, show a balance in favour of the Association. The Committee would, however, point out that this is largely illusory. A considerable proportion of it is ear-marked for the Provident Fund, which was recently established and which will shortly be merged in the Central Nursing Service. A still further sum is ear-marked for the furnishing of the extension of the Wadia Home, and the balance is due to the fact that the sanction of Government for an increased grant was received so late in the year that it could not be worked up to. The estimates of expenditure during the coming year are considerably in excess of the income, because these new charges will have to be met ; and the Committee would, therefore, earnestly appeal to large employers of labour generously to assist the Nursing Association, otherwise the work cannot be maintained at the standard of efficiency which is desirable and which is now in process of being realised.

The Committee would again tender their sincere thanks to Sister Eleanor Mary, Sister Josephine and Sister Ethelberga, of the All Saints' Community, for their admirable work during the year. The Sisters supervise and administer the whole of the funds and the staff without fee or reward and do so most efficiently, and with a moral control over the whole staff which could not be hoped for under any other agency. The only cost of administering and managing the funds of the institution lies in the small salary of the clerk whose services are entertained by order of Government.

ANTARCTIC EXPEDITION.

India's Small Share.

It may not be generally known says the "Pioneer" that India is to have a share—a very small share perhaps—in the British Antarctic expedition. In January last, as we mentioned some little time ago, Captain B. Scott wrote informally to Army Headquarters, from Cape Evans in the Antarctic regions, giving an outline of his plans for reaching the South Pole, and asking that he might be allowed to purchase seven Indian transport mules for shipment to New Zealand, where they would be placed on his vessel the Terra Nova due to leave Christchurch early next December. On a reference being made to the Government of India it was decided that the mules should be presented to Captain Scott, steps being taken to select and train suitable animals. On a previous occasion draught-ponies were used by Sir Ernest Shackleton, in his attempt to reach the South Pole in 1908 ; and a reference to the narrative of his expedition, "The Heart of the Antarctic," discloses the various misadventures and losses among his animals, which could possibly be prevented by the light of his experience. His ponies were from Siberia, old and unbroken, with a tendency to viciousness and generally troublesome. It was accordingly ruled that the mules to be sent from India should be strong, compact, tractable animals, about seven years old, of good quality and courage, and capable of drawing the required load, 600lb., on a sledge over rough ground at altitudes rising to 10,000 feet above sea-level. On reference by cable to Mr. Kinsey, Captain Scott's agent in New Zealand, it was ascertained that the stock of forage with the expedition was wheaten and oaten hay and linseed cake ; and it was recognised that it was necessary to accustom the animals to this food at once. Assistant Commissary, Lieutenant, G. Pulleyn, of the Supply and Transport Corps, was deputed to select and train the mules at Landour ; and he was assisted by two British soldiers to ensure their being tractable when handled solely by Europeans. In view of the heavy weather to be expected in the Southern seas, the mules were trained to keep their legs in a rocking-box and to rest themselves in slings—this has been a special feature of their "education" and has served to increase their strength and develope the muscles on their shoulders and quarters.

HONORARY PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATES.

The following Government Resolution has been issued in review of the report the Honorary Presidency Magistrates Bench :—In the year under report 37,575 cases involving 40,602 accused persons were conducted before the Benches of the Honorary Presidency Magistrates, Bombay. These figures are only slightly smaller than those of the two previous years and it is obvious that the relief afforded to the stipendiary magistrates has been very great. In no single case was it impossible to form a quorum and Honorary Presidency Magistrates have always been found ready to come forward at a moment's notice to fill unexpected vacancies. The thanks of Government are due to these gentlemen and especially to the members of the Special Courts, who have given up so much time the trial of protracted cases, notably the Sutta Gally case which was decided with great patience and care by Dr. N. N. Katrak, Mr. Jugmohandas Gandravandas Bhaishet and Dr. Ardeshir D. Mody. The thanks of Government are also due to Mr. A. K. Leslie, who has continued to evince deep interest in the working of the Benches. It is hoped that his labours towards the standardization of punishments will increase the efficiency of the Courts.

Government have learned

SPORTING NEWS.

POONA RACES.

First Day.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JULY 29.

The Poona Racing Season opened on Saturday with a card of seven events, and a fair number of the public turned out to get none too much of the luck in their speculations. Recently the want of rain has been seriously felt, so that the occasional showers which fell had scarcely any effect on the course, which was of course hard. Most of the horses are by no means fit yet, so may be this was partly the reason for some of the upsets. Everything is as usual in spick and span order, and we have that popular sportsman Major Hughes as Secretary till Mr. Grey comes out at the beginning of next month.

Two of the races were for big horses, but in both the winner was not the one which carried most money. It is naturally a little difficult just now to judge, as we only have Bombay form to go on, and are never sure whether our fancies have had the required amount of work since the rest they have had. There seemed to be nothing in the short race to have a chance with Lord Carlyon as Croat was decidedly big and has never stood the proper amount of galloping for the last two years in Bombay, when he made his first and only appearance in the country. The winner, however, turned up in Huka, who cut out the long lead established by Croat and won comfortably. It was a case of the fittest horse winning, Huka having been kept first for the Mysore Meeting.

Coat of Arms shewed in the longer race that he has not forgotten his eccentricity about running out, and lost after a good race to Galtileo. The winner was fancied by the stable but not the public, who went more for the American and Pincher.

There were also two races for old Arabs, both resulting in upsets for the majority. In the first Ashroff was better fancied than Rajput, but Zoolphokar, (late Siriska) got out first and was never headed. The winner gave great promise as a new pony, but since then leg trouble has kept him off the course.

None of the really well fancied ones shewed up in the mile, Meazer making the running for a time only for Famous eventually to hold the former's stable companion, Grand Duke, safe. Jehangir ran very disappointingly, and cannot be anywhere near fit.

As to the horses landed last Bombay season, the best race of the day came in the seven furlongs, when the betting and the race rested between two, Money Gold being wiped off the boards with Burgomaster the only other seriously fancied. In Bombay, the former proved to be a good stayer, not so the latter, and so the race shewed. Money Gold made all his own running and after being under the whip all the way down the straight managed to just get there. Before the turn it had looked good for Burgomaster, but he was outstayed, being also unlucky to stumble about a furlong from home.

A division was necessary in the five furlongs, the first supplying the good thing of the day in Brazee, who shewed such good form late in the past season. Pendil and Secretary led him to the bend, but there it was all over. Rangoon, Vazir and Electric were the pick in the other division the last race of the day, but not one of them could even place. Electric was well up for a time, but could not stay, whereas the other two were badly interfered with, by Fairplay swerving right across the course. Upright took advantage of this, came along on the rails and was able to stay off a late run by Sweden.

Evans and Ferguson were the most successful jockeys, the former winning three and the latter two. Nearly every stall for bookmakers was full in the first enclosure, whereas for the second there are so many that some have had to be refused.

Following are the details :—

THE NEW COMERS PLATE.—(Divided.) Winner Rs. 500, second Rs. 200, third Rs. 100. For arab ponies 14 hands and under landed since 1st July 1910, which have not won flat race value Rs. 1,000 or over. Distance—5 furlongs.

Mr J M Mistry's Brazee, 9st 10lbs..... .....Evans 1
Mr Ahmed Hazamy's Pendil, 8st 12lbs.....Fahad 2
Mr Ali bin Talib's Secretary, 8st 11lbs...Ferguson 3
Messrs Mujeed Jarjis and A S Oomer's Little Laffy 8st 0lbs.....O'Neill 4

ALSO RAN.—Makeb, 8st 11lbs, (Mujeed); New Guinea, 8st 11lbs, (Hill); Jaffer 8st 11lbs, (Yussuff); Senseless, 8st 6lbs, (Brown); Sirkar 8st 2lbs, (Native); Burg, 8st, (Hoyt); Tnasit 7st 13lbs, (Native); Framroz 7st 13lbs, (Native); Bulgaria 7st 10lbs, (Kamad); Clever Boy II 7st 4lbs, (Gooloo); Amran 6st 12lbs, (Vincent.)

BETTING—5 to 4 on Brazee, 5 to 1 Secretary, 6 to 1 Burg, tens Senseless and Little Laffy.

THE RACE :—Pendil and Secretary led out together till at the bend, the latter led slightly and Brazee was close up. Once in the straight it was all over, Brazee winning easily by a length and a half, length between next-two, good fourth.

Time—1 min 10secs.

(Winner trained by C B Mahomed.)

THE ARAB PONY TRIAL PLATE.—Winner Rs. 500, second Rs 200, third Rs. 100. For Arab ponies 14 hands and under. Distance 6 furlongs.

Mr Ali bin Talib's Zoolphokar (late Siriska) 8st .....Ferguson 1
Mr A S Oomer's Ashroff 10st.....Taylor 2
Mr R R S's Mudkoor 8st 5lbs.....Brown 3
Mr Bamfylde's Young Thara 8st 6lbs.....Native 4

ALSO RAN:—Rajput 9st 11b (O'Neill); Matheran 8st 9lbs, (Evans); Azzad 8st 3lbs, (Mujeed); Solitaire 8st 3lbs, (Yussuff); Dilkush 8st 11b (Native); Bay Middleton 8st, (Hoyt); Creditor 7st 11lbs, (Southall); Saeed 7st 11lbs, (Native); and Good Morning 7st 5lbs Etul.

BETTING:—Evens Ashroff, 3 to 1 Bajput, 4 to 1 Mudkoor, 5 to 1 Zoolphokar, tens and longer odds the rest.

THE RACE:—Zoolphokar was first out followed by Creditor and Bay Middleton. This remained to the distance, where Mudkoor began to come up followed by Ashroff, but neither of them had a chance with the leader, who won by the three lengths, length and a half between the next two. Time.—1min. 26 1-5secs.

(Winner trained by Owner)

THE BEGINNERS PLATE.—Winner Rs. 1,000, second Rs. 300, third Rs. 200. For horses which have not won flat race value Rs 1,500 or over since 31st March 1909. Distance 5 furlongs.

Mr G K's Huka 8st 8lbs.....Barrett 1
Mr M Goculdass's Lord Carlyon 8st 8lbs.....Hoyt 2
Mr R R S's Croat 8st 3lbs .....Brown 3

ALSO RAN.—Absolute 9st 10lbs, (Mr Anderson); Boomy 8st 3lbs, (carried 8st 5lbs.)

BETTING.—6 to 4 on Lord Carlyon, 3 to 1 against Croat, 5 to 1 against Huka.

THE RACE.—Croat immediately took a long lead, being soon five lengths ahead of Lord Carlyon. As they turned the bend, Huka drew up to the latter and drawing on the leader had him also well beaten and won by six lengths, three lengths between the next two. Time.—1min 4 3-5secs.

(Winner trained by D Greenhalgh.)

THE ARABIAN PLATE.—Winner Rs. 750, second Rs. 250, third Rs. 150. For Arabs which have not won flat race value Rs. 1,000 or over since 31st March, 1909. Distance 1 mile.

Mr Beg's Famous, 8st 9lbs.....Evans 1
Mr Ali bin Talib's Grand Duke, 8st 7lbs..Southall 2
Messrs M Goculdass and Ali bin Talib's Meazer, 8st 12lbs .....Ferguson 3
Mr M Goculdass's Jehangir, 8st 5lbs .....Hoyt 4

ALSO RAN.—Artist 8st 12lbs, (Kamad); Well Done 8st 12lbs, (O'Neill); Merrilly 8st 9lbs, (Ahmed); Terror 7st 12lbs, (drown); Submit 8st 11lbs, (carried 8st) (Barrett.)

BETTING —6 to 4 against Jehangir, 7 to 2 Artist and Meazer, 6 to 1 Famous and Grand Duke.

THE RACE.—Terror shewed out for a moment, then Meazer was taken to the front and led by a good four lengths from Well Done, Jehangir and Grand Duke. At the three furlongs Famous and Grand Duke came up and passed the leader, and the former going on eventually won with a bit in hand by three lengths, same between the next two.—Time 1min. 56secs.

(Winner trained by Cowasjee Burjorjee.)

THE JULY PLATE.—Winner Rs 1,000, second Rs. 300, third Rs 200. For horses which have not won flat race value Rs 3,000 or over since 31st March 1909. Distance 7 furlongs.

Mr Avasia's Galileo 8st 8lbs.....Evans 1
Mr G K's Coat of Arms 9st 10lbs.....Barrastt 2
Mr Homi Billimoria's Pincher 8st 8lbs.....Hill 3
Mr R R S's Apologue 8st 3lbs .....Brown 4

ALSO RAN :—Matiyela 8st 7lbs (O'Neill); Bambino 7st 7lbs (Hoyt).

BETTING :—5 to 4 against Pincher, 4 to 1 Coat of Arms and Galileo.

THE RACE :—Coat of Arms made all the running, till at the bend he began to go out. Galileo and Pincher came up, and the former going strong won on to win a good race by a length three lengths between the next two. Time.—1 min. 37 4-5 secs.

(Winner trained by C. B. Mahomed.)

THE NEW ARAB NOVICE PLATE.—Winner Rs. 750, second Rs. 250, third Rs. 150. For Maiden Arabs landed since 1st July 1910.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Mr Ali bin Talib's Money Gold 8st 8lbs...Ferguson 1
Aga Mirza Ahmed's Burgomaster 8st 11lbs Brown 2
Mr J R Raja's Guinea Merchant 8st 11lbs...Taylor 3
Mr A R Dakheel's Bonaparte, 8st 3lbs...Mujeed 4

ALSO RAN :—The Camel 8st 11lbs, (Heeroo); Young Purvez 8st 3lbs, (Dhondi); Bunsee 8st 3lbs (Hazza); Sardinia 8st 3lbs (Fahad); Real Gold 8st 3lbs, (Southall); Mysore 8st 3lbs (Etul); Baloz 7st 13lbs (Hoyt); Separation 7st 13lbs (carried 8st 5lbs) (Evans); Macedonia 7st (Kamad); Turn of Luck II 7st (McGlone); Borgavi 6st 10lb (Yussuff).

BETTING :—5 to 2 on Money Gold, 4 to 1 against Burgomaster, tens and longer odds the rest.

THE RACE :—From a good start Money Gold was first to shew out from Bonaparte and The Camel. At the three furlongs Burgomaster was second and appeared to be going better than the leader. As they came into the straight the whip came out on Money Gold, but he held on pluckily and won by three quarters of a length, three lengths next. Time.—1 min 44 1-5 secs.

(Winner trained bp Owner.)

THE NEW COMERS PLATE.—Winner Rs. 500, second Rs. 200, third Rs. 100. For Arab ponies landed since 1st July 1910, 14 hands and under, which have not won flat race value Rs. 1,000 or over. Distance—5 furlongs.

Mr Kadoo bin Saleh's Upright 7st 13lbs...Brown 1
Mr M Goculdass's Sweden 7st 10lbs.....Hoyt 2
Messrs Jassim Awad and Elias Issak's Nurgis, 8st 6lbs.....Hazza 3
Messrs Abdoola Faras's Order, 8st 3lbs.....Kamad 4

ALSO RAN.—Rangoon 9st 4lbs, (Evans); Vazir 8st 11lbs (Southall); General Botha 8st 11lbs (Taylor); Electric, 8st 9lbs, (O'Neill); Mars 8st 8lbs (Luckman); Fairplay 8st 6lbs (Yussuff); War Eagle 8st 5lbs Native; Shihab 8st (Mujeed); Flyer 7st 13lbs (Fahad); (Grafnax); 7st 7lbs (Gooloo).

BETTING.—6 to 4 against Vazir, 5 to 2 Rangoon, 5 to 1 Electric, 6 to 1 Sweden.

THE RACE :—They were away in a bunch, then Fairplay led Electric, a close field following. At the turn, Fairplay began to go out and Upright came through on the rails into the lead. The former cutting right across the field interfered with the fancied ones and Upright was able to stay out Sweden, who got through late. Won by a length, two between the next two. Time—1min. 13secs.

(Winner trained by Mahomed Jamal.)

CALCUTTA MONSOON MEETING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 29.

The second day of the Calcutta Monsoon Meeting passed off without a hitch. The favourites, except in two races, went down with steady regularity. In the first race, the ten-rupee totalisator paid the handsome dividend of Rs. 1,188.

SAND TRACK HANDICAP, Division 1—5 furlongs.

Mr Ever's Proprietor, 10st .....Elahie 1
Mr Ballantyne's Bird of Freedom, 10st ...Mr Ever 2
Mr Walter's Haloya, 9st 12lbs .....Bloss 3

Won by half a length, 2 lengths between second and third. Time—1 min. 7 4-5 secs.

BETTING.—7 to 4 on Bird of Freedom, 6 to 4 against Haloya, tens the others.

JULY HURDLE PLATE.—1 1-2 miles, over six flights.

Mr Scott's Craigendorne 10st 6lbs.....Captain Charrington 1
Mr Walker's Tommy Daw 10st 13lbs...Northmore 2
Mr Ever's Foy 10st 3lbs .....Mr Evers 3

ALSO RAN :—Maisonette, 106lbs; April Fool, 10-0.

BETTING :—Evens Craigendorne, 2 to 1 against Tommy Daw, 4 to 1 against Foy and Maisonette, 10 to 1 against April Fool.

Won by half a length, twenty lengths between second and third. Time—3min. 57 4-5secs.

THE PONY HANDICAP.—six furlongs.

Mr Dass' Sidonia 8st 3lbs .....Bloss 1
M Colonel Welson's Miss Clare 9st 11lbs ...Ring 2
Mr Valentine's May Kenley 9st 5lbs .....Fraser 3

ALSO RAN :—Mandeville, 10-3 ; Moirn, 9-0 ; Murmur, 8-12 ; Lady Ratcliffe, 8-12 ; Albatross, 6-9.

BETTING :—5 to 4 against Miss Clare, 3 to 1 May Kenley, 5 to 1 against Kandeville, any price the rest.

Won by one length, the same between second and third. Time—1min. 20 1-5secs.

AMATEUR HURDLE PLATE.—1 1-2 miles over six flights.

Mr Pugh's To Kalon, 11st .....Mr Bletsoe 1
Major Fennel's Reinforcement, 11st..Mr Robertson 2
Mr Taylor's Suffragette, 11st...Captain Charrington 3

ALSO RAN:—Velodia, 11st, Goldstream, 11st.

BETTING :—2 to 1 on To Kalon, 4 to 1 against Suffragate, 5 to 1 against Velodia, 8 to 1 against Goldstream, and Reinforcement.

Won by three quarters of a length, 5 lengths between second and third. Time—3 min. 1sec.

THE MONSOON PLATE.—6 furlongs.

Mr Dass' Elpis, 9st 5lbs.....Bloss } Dead heat
Mr Platt's Winsome, 9st 5lbs...Frahan }
Mr Ever's Northwood, 7st 7lbs.....Elahi 3

ALSO RAN :—Wise Hawk, 9st 10lbs; Scotch Girl, 9st 3lbs; Saloon, 8st 11lbs; Light Metal, 8st 9lbs.

BETTING :—6 to 4 against Saloon, 4 to 1 against Elpis, 5 to 1 against Winsome, 6 to 1 against Wise Hawk, longer prices the rest.

A dead heat for first place, three lengths next. Time, 1 min.— 20 1-5 sec.

THE FORT PLATE.—six furlongs.

Mr Roland's Lasso 7st 13lbs.....Beaument 1
Mr Dass' Isabela 8st 9lbs..... .....Morrison 2
H H The Maharaja of Cooch Behar's Yumyum 9st 2lbs.....Platt 3

ALSO RAN :—Bird of Freedom, 9st 0lb; Little Meg, 9st 4lbs Pariah, 7st 0lb.

BETTING :—6 to 4 against Isabela, 4 to 1 against Lasso, 3 to 1 against Bird of Freedom, longer prices the rest.

Won by a head, two lengths between second and third.

SAND TRACK HANDICAP.—Division five furlongs.

Captain Brongh's Mahony Boy, 10st 12lbs..... Mr Evers 1
Mr Butler's Levi, 9st 7lbs .....Fraser 2
Mr Platt's Ocean 9st 2lbs.....Owner 3

ALSO RAN :—Farthing Bun, 9st. Lady Thirza, 9 5lbs; Doneen, 8.7st.

BETTING :—2 to 1 on Mahoney Boy, 3 to 1 against Levi, any price the rest.

Won by a length, one and a quarter lengths between second and third. Time.—1 min.8 3-5 secs.

CRICKET.

Bombay Gymkhana.

HURRICANE HITTING.

LAST Saturday's match between the Bombay Gymkhana and the Hindu Gymkhana will be remembered as one of the most remarkable and exciting games ever witnessed in Bombay. In this the Bombay Gymkhana batsmen performed a feat which, if not quite unprecedented, has been rarely performed by local cricketers. The Hindu Gymkhana going in to bat had made 152 runs for the loss of nine wickets, when they declared their innings closed, leaving little over an hour to their opponents in which to knock up the necessary runs for a win. It was an uphill task, notwithstanding the fact that the Bombay Gymkhana team contains a fairly large number of really good batsmen and that the boundaries of the Hindu Gymkhana ground on which the match was played are a bit smaller than the ordinary. Many another combination would have contented themselves with stonewalling and playing out time. But the Bombay Gymkhana batsmen preferred to make a bold dash for victory and though the issue trembled in the balance once or twice, their efforts were ultimately crowned with success. They lost four wickets for 40 runs and it looked as if the Gymkhana must fall back upon a barndoor game. But Brooke rose to the occasion and mainly through his efforts the Gymkhana were able to perform the rare feat of knocking up the remaining 127 runs in a little over forty minutes. It was a magnificent display of hurricane hitting to which the Gymkhana skipper treated the spectators. Treating all the Hindu bowlers with the scantiest respect he hit out with splendid vigour and his contribution of 79 included no less than five 6's and eight 4's; while in one over from Pilgaonker he hit off 22 runs. The style of batting which he adopted on this occasion necessarily involved risks and yet in the whole course of his stay at the wickets he was missed but once and that too only a short time before he was actually sent back. The concluding stage of the game was exciting in the extreme, and the final result was received with tremendous cheering by the large crowds of spectators who numbered about 3,000. As stated above, it was altogether a remarkable match, and the Bombay Gymkhana, and especially their skipper, Lieutenant Brooke, deserve to be heartily congratulated on the splendid victory they have achieved over a team which is considered to be one of the strongest of local combinations. The scores :—

HINDU GYMKHANA

N G Prabhakar, b Halliley	...	22
C V Mehta (capt), c Christie, b Purcell		18
K A Date, c Stileman, b Halliley	...	3
W B Talpade, c Clarke, b Purcell	...	32
V Kantak, c Halliley, b Purcell	...	28
S K Diveker, b Clarke	...	9
R M Gandhi, c Cumberledge, b Stileman		15
B A Dalvi, not out	...	31
N H Kaiva, c Sale, b Stileman	...	0
Bhatwadekar, c Phillips, b Stileman	...	1
Pilgaonker, not out	...	14
Extras	...	4
Total (for 9 wkts)	...	a152

a Innings declared closed

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

E E Christie, c Dalvi, b Talpade	...	27
W S Halliley, run out	...	15
R C Cumberledge, c Gandhi, b Date	...	0
F F Stileman, c Prabhakar, b Talpade	...	3
F & R Brooke (capt), c Prabhakar, b Kantak	...	79
G C Phillips, b Mehta	...	10
G G James, c Dalvi, b Date	...	21
E L Sale, not out	...	6
V E Purcell }		
G C Stileman }	Did not bat.	
F J Clarke }		
Extras	...	6
Total (for 7 wkts)	...	167

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

Hindu Gymkhana.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Halliley ...	17	56	3	2
Purcell ...	20	58	5	3
Clarke ...	6	14	2	1
C G Stileman...	5	20	1	3

Bombay Gymkhana.

Date ...	10	47	1	2
Pilgaonker ...	5	47	0	0
Talpade... ...	4	24	1	2
Bhatwadeker ...	1	17	0	0
Mehta ...	1	4	0	1
Kantak ...	2	25	0	1

POONA GYMKHANA vs. DECCAN GYMKHANA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JULY 29.

The match between the Poona and Deccan Gymkhanas was continued on Saturday and ended in a draw. The Poona Gymkhana resuming on Saturday, carried their overnight score from 170 to 253. Captain Noake 62 not out playing good cricket. The Deccan Gymkhana put together 183 in their second venture for the loss of six wickets and declared. Poona in the short time left for play knocked up 70 runs losing three wickets in the making. Scores:—

DECCAN GYMKHANA

1st Innings.

Gaikwad, b Southey	...	6
Shroff, b Southey	...	6
Modak, c Stoehr, b Haughton	...	55
Thisen, b Haughton	...	28
Raskar, c Chitty, b Haughton	...	37
A. Deshmukh, b Southey	...	3
Naidoo, b Southey	...	0
Deshpande, c and b Haughton	...	7
Purandhare, b Southey	...	6
Erasha, c Armytage, b Haughton	...	20
B V Deshmukh, not out	...	2
Extras	...	7
Tot l	...	177

POONA GYMKHANA.

1st Innings.

Col Rosher, b Raskar	...	5
Major A Douglas, b Deshpande	...	33
Capt E Haughton, c Purandhare, b Erasha	...	28
Major W Southey, b Deshpande	...	16
Capt Armytage, b Deshmukh	...	29
Mr C Stoehr, b Deshmukh	...	27
Capt Noake, not out	...	62
Major Chitty, b Raskar	...	1
Major Humphry, b Raskar	...	0
Capt W Burnham, b Erasha	...	19
Mr Gore Browne, c Erasha, b Deshpande.		25
Extras	...	8
Total	...	253

DECCAN GYMKHANA.

2nd Innings.

Purandhare, b-b-w Haughton	...	0
Gaikwad, not out	...	74
Saraph, b Southey	...	21
Modak, c Rosher, b Southey	...	37
Nursco, b Southey	...	13
Deshmukh, c Douglas, b Southey	...	0
Raskar, b Gore Brown	...	9
Desmukh, not out	...	23
Naidoo }		
Deshpande }	Did not bat.	
Erasha }		
Extras	...	6
Total	...	183

POONA GYMKHANA.

2nd Innings.

Major Douglas, b Raskar	...	35
Capt Noake, b Erasha	...	13
Capt E S Haughton, not out	...	11
Capt Armytage, b Raskar	...	4
(Rest, did not bat)	...	...
Extras	...	7
Total	...	70

BOMBAY CURRENCY OFFICE vs. COX & CO.

This match was played on Saturday at Marine Lines Maidan and resulted in a draw in favour of the Bombay Currency Office. Scores :—

COX & CO

M Lee b Mistry	...	13
Driver run out	...	15
Suntock (Jr) l-b-w, b Billimoria	...	9
Oxberrow b Billimoria	...	1
Frigaza b Mistry	...	5
D D Ghista not out	...	32
Doherty b Mistry	...	9
Carlin b Mistry	...	7
Suntock (Sr) b Mistry	...	0
Sharman b Engineer	...	0
Bhat b Engineer	...	2
Extras	...	19
Total	...	112

BOMBAY CURRENCY OFFICE.

B B Kerawala b Suntock	...	3
I C Billimoria b Suntock	...	11
R C Engineer b Driver	...	25
N M Mistry st Ghista	...	20
C F Cowie b Ghista	...	8
K E Kumana b Ghista	...	3
S N Mehta b Ghista	...	2
N B Tavaria not out	...	5
B B Bhedwar not out	...	9
N A Mowdawala }		
C R Turner }	Did not bat	
Extras	...	7
Total	...	91

G. I. P. STORES vs. NEW YOUNG HINDUS.

This match was played at the Marine Lines on Saturday and resulted in a win for the G I P Stores by 85 runs. Scores :—

NEW YOUNG HINDUS.

S S Dongre, c Romer	...	5
Bhatwadekar, run out	...	0
B L Chaudri, b Romer	...	3
G Y Katads, b Romer	...	1
V S Dongre, c and b Romer	...	1
W L Masarkar, c and b C Malo e	...	11
Y R Rant, b C Malone	...	12
Y S Rant, not out	...	12
M B Shait, run out	...	0
Varudkur, l b w Romer	...	0
S R Hudker, b Romer	...	2
Extras	...	5
Total	...	52

G. I. P. STORES.

Shamrao, b Rant	...	5
C Malone, b Rant	...	27
P Hill, run out	...	15
P Malone, c Shait, b Varudkur	...	21
Romer V, b Dongre	...	35
H Lees, b Varudkur	...	11
A Pegge, b Dongre	...	6
Hunts, b Varadkar	...	1
Balsara, not out	...	4
Snellekeyer, c and b Bhatwadeker	...	1
W Malone, b Dongre	...	3
Extras	...	8
Total	...	137

FOOTBALL.

The Harwood League.

R. WARWICKS vs. BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

THE Harwood League authorities always arrange in their list of fixtures that the matches of most interest shall fall on a Saturday and the fact that the Royal Warwickshire Regiment were to meet the Bombay Gymkhana drew a large number of spectators in spite of the fact that a steady drizzle came down before and during the game. It was thought that the Gymkhana would put their best team in the field and that the game would be a good one, but few expected that the leaders in the League would be so hard pressed as they were. The Warwicks played without cohesion in the first half and their backs were not too safe at times, while, on the other hand, the Gymkhana defence was splendid, with the exception of the miskick by Willmott which gave the soldiers their second goal. Lewin, the Gymkhana custodian, played a brilliant game and could hardly have been expected to save either of the goals scored. In the second half, the soldiers' forward line recovered that combination which they seemed to lack in the first period. The game was fast and exciting throughout and not without personal feeling. The referee had occasion to caution two of the Warwicks' forwards during the course of play.

The Warwicks kicked off, but during the first two minutes the Gymkhana forwards got the ball, and, from a centre by Sim, Kerr put in a well-placed shot which Smart could not save. This put the soldiers on their mettle, but they could not get going and soon after Cupper nearly gave his side a second. Westall, for the Warwicks, now tested Lewin who saved well, but the Gymkhana returned to the attack and Smart had to concede a corner in getting rid of a centre from Kennedy. The soldiers had the better of matters for some moments and Parkes was unfortunate in not scoring. Winsper followed this with another good attempt. Once again the tables were turned and Kennedy almost got through, Smart running out and tackling him just in time. This was followed by another attack by the military forwards, Hillier putting in a splendid shot which struck the corner where the upright and cross-bar meet and rebounded into play. This the same player followed up with another attempt, but Lewin cleared safely. Play continued fast and even, both sides visiting their opponents' goals, but the soldiers were finding their form, and before half-time, Lewin had to stop shots from Winsper and Matthews. Score :—

Bombay Gymkhana .... 1 goal.
R. Warwickshires .... nil.

The second half started quite as eventfully as the first. From the kick-off the soldiers' left wing made a run and a pass to the right from a throw in went to Parkes who equalised. The Warwicks still pressed, but were met by a steady opposition from the Gymkhana backs. Winsper almost got through a second time, but Deane tackled him and Parkes shot high. A corner against the Gymkhana followed without result and then Willmott miskicked in front of goal. Winsper was on the ball immediately and put in a shot which, although Lewin fell full length, he could not stop. A strong effort was now made by the Gymkhana, and Kennedy put in a rising shot from the wing which Smart fisted away. Shortly after Smart was once more tested by Findlay, but saved creditably. The Warwicks resumed the aggressive and Lewin saved a dropping shot by conceding a corner, falling while doing so and being tackled by three men. Three corners were given against the Gymkhana, but they were not converted and the Bombay team once more visited the soldiers' end, Cupper trying to score. He, however, was obviously offside. The Gymkhana were pressing, Findlay and Kennedy making special efforts, when time brought one of the best games of the season to a close. Score :—

R. Warwickshire ..... 2 g als.
Bombay Gymkhana ..... 1 goal.

The teams were :—

R. Warwicks :—Goal, Smart ; backs, Baker and Bench ; half-backs Jarvis, Matthews and Turrall; forwards, Watson, Parkes, Winsper, Hillier and Westall.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA : Goal, Lewin ; backs, Deane and Willmott ; half-backs, Starrock, Barrett and Bussey ; forwards, Kennedy, Kerr, Findlay, Cupper and Sim.

THE LEAGUE TABLE.

The teams now stand as follows in the League :—

	P	W.	L.	D.	Goals. For	Agst.	Pts.
R. Warwicks	9	9	0	0	57	2	18
R. G. A.	9	6	2	1	23	14	13
Bombay Gymkhana	10	4	4	2	31	14	10
Bombay F. C.	9	4	3	2	17	13	10
Telegraphs	9	3	5	1	7	19	7
Y. M. C. A.	9	3	6	0	7	19	6
Byculla Ry. Institute	10	2	7	1	4	40	5
B. V. A.	9	1	5	3	2	32	5

I. F. A. Challenge Shield.

NOTABLE WIN OF INDIAN TEAM.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA JULY 30.

The final round of the competition for the Indian Football Association's Challenge Shield between the East York Regiment, of Fyzabad, and the Mohonbagan Athletic Club, of Calcutta, was played on Saturday evening before at least fifty thousand spectators, on the Calcutta Football Club ground. It ended in a victory for Mohonbagan by two goals to one.

The crowd began to collect some three hours before the commencement of the game, and by five o'clock every inch of available space within fifty yards of the ground was occupied. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed, this being the first time that an Indian team had succeeded in figuring in the final for this coveted trophy. The East Yorks last year made a stubborn stand against the Gordon Highlanders, who after three drawn games managed to defeat the Fyzabad team. On this form of last year the soldiers were expected to win, but the Bengali team putting up a very plucky game succeeded in defeating them and thus became the first Indian holders of the trophy.

The teams were.—

Mohonbagan Athletic Club.—Goal, Mukarjee; backs, S. Chatterjee and Sukul; half-backs, Sen Gupta, Sarkar and Mukerjee; forwards,-S Bhadury, B. Bhadury, Mukerjee, Roy and Ghose.

East Yorks,—Goal, Cressy ; backs, Whitby and Scully ; half-backs, Neal, Jackson and Bolton ; forwards, Lucas, Grimshaw, Haywood, Dixon and Buch.

Previous winners of the Shield have been:—Royal Irish, 1893 ; Royal Irish Rifles, 1894 ; Royal Welsh 1895; Calcutta, 1896 ; Dalhousie, 1897 ; Gloucesters, 1898 ; South Lancashires, 1899 ; Calcutta, 1900 ; Royal Irish Rifles, 1901 ; 93rd Highlanders, 1902 ; Calcutta, 1903 ; Calcutta, 1904 ; Dalhousie, 1905 ; Calcutta, 1906 ; Highland Light Infantry 1907 ; Gordons, 1908 ; Gordons, 1909 ; and Gordons, 1910.

INDIAN TEAM WIN THE FINAL.

LATER.

Play commenced punctually at 5-30 p.m. with Mr. Pooler of the Calcutta F. C. as referee. For the first five minutes the East Yorks pressed, then the Mohonbagans took up the running, but S. Bhaduri missed some brilliant opportunities. The Yorkists, with their headwork, brought the leather back to Mohanbagan territory, but the halves playing strong averted all danger. At half-time neither side scored anything.

The play resuming a give and take play followed for about ten minutes, after which the military began asserting themselves. It was at this time that Sen Gupta was penalised for hands and a free kick was given against the Indians about twenty yards from the mouth of the goal. The kick was successfully taken and the soldiers netted a goal. For a time things looked dark for the Indians, but they pulled themselves up wonderfully and their great turn of foot came to their help. The game was tranferred to the soldiers' half, the Indian forward playing a supurb game. Bhaduri completely beat Cressy with a low beautiful angular shot. Cheers continued unabated for about five-minutes but before it had died away the Mohonbagans scored another clear goal through Ghose. This was too much of a shock for the soldiers and they could not do anything afterwards. Mr. Pooler, the referee, did his part to the satifaction of all concerned.

To help the local charities the final game of the Shield competition was made the occasion of a charity match. Seats were provided all round the ground and priced at Rs. 2 and Re. 1. All the seats were fully occupied and a good collection is reported.

THE MISSING MONSOON.

Condition not Improved.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 29.

The condition of the weather has not yet improved and the official report for the week ending July 27, states that except in Burma, Eastern Bengal and Assam and south-west Punjab the rainfall during the week was in large defect. In Upper Burma and in Eastern Bengal, however the falls were much heavier than is normally the case. During the period April 28 to July 27, rainfall was in moderate excess in Eastern Bengal and Mysore, but was below the normal in most other parts. The defect was very marked in the central parts of the country, the United Provinces and north-west India. Although a strong monsoon was reported as prevailing over the Arabian Sea at the beginning of the week the conditions in India did not improve appreciably and the rainfall was almost confined to the West Coast, North-East India and Burma. The falls along the West Coast were very light. Throughout the week the temperature continued high over the central and north central parts of the country, but was rather low in Burma.

Burma :—The rainfall was nearly general in the north and in Lower Burma and fairly general in the central districts.

North-East India including Orissa :—The rainfall varied considerably from day to day, but, on the whole, was fairly general in Eastern Bengal and Assam. Scattered falls occurred in Bengal proper and in Chhota Nagpur.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces :—A few light falls were reported in North-West India. Thunderstorms were fairly numerous in the west Himalayas and the submontane districts on the 21st, but, during the remainder of the week, the rainfall was scattered and light.

The Peninsula :—The rainfall was only light. In Malabar it was fairly general, but along the remainder of the West Coast was of a local character. A few falls were reported in the interior.

Official reports, for the last week, show that more rain in wanted throughout the country, either for the transplantation of winter rice or the sowing of the autumn crop, which has been considerably retarted in Central India, Rajputana, the Konkan, Gujarat and Simla. The germination is good in different places, and it is apprehended that the seedlings will begin to wither if the break in the Monsoon continues any longer. Though the prices of food-stuffs are stationary in most places, yet there are sufficient indications that they will steadily increase in the next fortnight. In the Punjab, the United Provinces, the Feudatory States and Hyderabad, Ahmedabad, the Panch Mahals, Ratnagari and East Khandesh in the Bombay Presidency, prices already show an upward tendency and marked rise. The condition of cattle is good except in Indore, Bundelkhand, Hyderabad and parts of Jammu.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, JULY 29.

The nearly general light rainfall which spread over the greater part of the Peninsula has continued in the Central Provinces and Central India. A few falls are reported from the west of the United Provinces. The weather has been nearly dry in the north-east India, but the rainfall has increased in Lower Burma. The chief amounts are :—Victoria Point and Diamond Island, two inches; Mergui, one and a half ; Tavoy, four ; Moulmein, three ; Silehar Saugor, Hyderabad (Deccan), Kurnool, Vizagapatam, and Mercara, one.

The forecast shows no great change, but the rainfall may increase in the west of the central Provinces.

SIMLA, JULY 30.

The rainfall has become somewhat heavier on the West Coast and has continued in the interior of the Peninsula and Burma.

The increase has occurred in Eastern Bengal and Assam.

The principal amounts are :—Tavoy, three inches; Victoria Point, and Lashio one and a half, Bhamo, Myitkyina, and Sibsagar, two, Dibrugarh, one and a half, Ratnagiri, four ; Karwar, two, Aurangabad, Hyderabad (Deccan), and Kurnool, one, Gulbarga, and Mercara, one and a half, and Mussulipatam, two. The temperature is very high in Rajputana, East Punjab and the United Provinces.

Forecast shows Some rain may occur in the United Provinces and the East Punjab. The extension appears probable along the West Coast, north of Bombay, but the weather has likely become dry in the extreme south.

RAIN NEEDED ON THE F

BY THE WAY.

ART AND MATCHES.

An Englishman landing at Calais generally receives there his first lesson in the law of France. If he has matches they are confiscated—at least, save a few—for the manufacture of matches in France is a Government monopoly. The matches are generally in little gaudy boxes, with the picture of some celebrated stage beauty or something in that way. The "Regie" is to strike out a new line. The stage beauty is to be deposed, and her place taken by some of the famous pictures in the Louvre in miniature. Those which will first appear will represent the Flemish school, those of France, Italy, and Spain will follow, succeeded by others. Each box will have two pictures. The opinion expressed is that the only thing wanting will be the quality of the matches.

EDINBURGH CASTLE.

With an entire absence of formality there have been unveiled in Edinburgh Castle two tablets commemorating personages who played important parts in Scottish history three and a half centuries ago. A tablet in memory of Queen Mary of Guise or Loraine, the mother of Mary Queen of Scots, is placed in the Crown-square beneath the window of the apartment in which the Queen died in 1560. The other panel, fixed on the Forewall Battery outside the Portcullis Gate, is to the memory of Kirkaldy of Grange, who was one of the earliest converts to Protestantism in Scotland, and who died on the scaffold in 1573. Both panels have been erected at the instance of a donor who desires to remain unknown. The designs were submitted to the King, who approved and sanctioned the execution of the work.

GOLDEN WEDDINGS.

Saconin, a pretty little village of 300 inhabitants, situated near Soissons, the Roman Suessiones, on the Aisne, in France, where Clovis defeated the Romans in 486 A.D. is about to hold an interesting fete. The village has a renown for its health, and six couples are to celebrate their golden weddings, or the 50th anniversary of their marriage. These are the happy folk who are to be feted: M. Blondeau, born in 1833, married in 1857 Mlle. Leroy, who is two years younger than her husband; M. Leveque, born in 1835, married Sept. 20, 1858, Mlle. Maguoy, five years his junior; M. Malherme, born in 1838, married at the age of 21, Mlle. Blique, one year his senior; M. Brebant, born in 1838, married to Mlle. Valee, two years younger than himself; M. Blique, born in 1839, married, on attaining his majority, Mlle. Vallerand, who was born a year after her husband; and M. Demart, born in 1836, married June 26, 1861, to Mlle. Dubois, who is now 73 years of age.

CAT'S REASONING POWERS.

"This example of reasoning in animals may interest some of your readers" writes a correspondent: "In my house the pantry door is fastened on the outside with an ordinary iron pin or latch, moving on a screw, and falling into a slot in the door frame. Last night I went in from my garden and found the cat loafing about in the passage. It smiled at me in a conciliatory way. Five minutes later I returned and found the pantry door open—it had been shut before—and the cat on the dresser engaged in removing a wire screen from a dish containing a piece of meat. The cat departed hastily, and it was afterwards discovered that the door catch was loose, and that the cat by bumping herself against the door could open it."

AFTER MANY CENTURIES.

The secrets of France are being gradually revealed, but much yet remains untold. Some workmen at Verton in Loire-Inferieure have brought to light a Merovingien cemetery. They were engaged in demolishing an old building standing between the church and the cemetery, and came across a number of tombs, one above the other, each flagged with stone. The graves had not been interfered with. The coffins were opened in the presence of the Abbe Durville and M. Dortel, members of the Archaeological Society, but nothing was found besides the bones.

WHERE GIRLS ARE IN DEMAND.

If 2,000 girls were imported to Otago, recently they would be all engaged in a week. There is a good opening here for the Eugenics Society. What prospect ahead is there for children when their mothers are perpetually on the verge of neurasthenia or some other nervous breakdown through overwork? Things are in a bad way when the mistresses of large establishments have to do all their own work and cannot get assistance. At all the busy times of the year—harvest, shearing, turnip thinning, threshing, &c.—the pinch is most severely felt. With from 12 to 20 men to cook for, the children to attend to, the housework to go on, the washing to do, preserves for the year to make, and a host of other duties of which men are ignorant, few farmers' wives get through these periods without incurring the risk of serious illness, so says an official publication.

FAIRLOP OAK AND FAIR.

The famous annual Fairlop Fair was long held on July 2, under the Fairlop Oak, in Hainault Forest. Both fair and oak have vanished, the tree about 1820, part of it forming the pulpit in St. Pancras Church, Euston-road. Mr. O'Connor, in "T. P.'s Weekly," states that the girth of the tree was 48 1-2ft. At one time no booth in the fair was allowed to be set up outside the spread of its enormous boughs. The origin of the fair is curious.

Early in the eighteenth century there dealt in Wapping, a worthy and genial pump and engine maker, Mr. Daniel Day. He owned a small estate near Fairlop Oak, and it was his habit to go there every year, about a fortnight after Midsummer Day, to collect his rents. Being of a convivial turn, he would invite a few of his neighbours to accompany him from town, and treat them with a repast of beans, bacon, &c., under the canopy of the oak, the refreshments being provided from the Maypole Inn-close by. Mr. Day's friends were so well pleased with these excursions that they pledged themselves, one and all, to accompany him on the same occasion every year, the first Friday in July during their lives. This junketting being noticed by the neighbouring gentry, farmers, and labourers, they could not resist visiting the place annually on Mr. Day's day of merriment, and as booths were soon found necessary, various others sprang up around this huge oak; so that about the year 1725 the spot began to wear every kind of resemblance to a regular fair. Puppet-shows, wild beasts, fruits, gingerbread, ribbons, and toys of all sorts were, brought together. Mr. Day thought "the more the merrier," and was proud of the festival he had founded.

DANIEL DAY AND HIS COFFIN.

The oak and his journey to it assumed an immense significance for Mr. Day: When, therefore, his beloved tree, monarch of the forest in which it stood, was injured by a storm, the accident seemed to him an omen, and he thought of his coffin. By leave of the Lord of the Manor of Fairlop he procured a limb of his favourite tree, and employed a Mr. Clear, a carpenter, to convert it without delay into a coffin. This being brought home, neatly panelled and highly polished with beeswax, Mr. Day looking with the utmost calmness upon his future habitation and punning upon the carpenter's name observed: "Mr. Clear, it is not very clear to me that you have made this coffin long enough." Then laying himself down in it, "Never mind" says he "if it be so you must remind my executors, to have my head cut off after my decease, and place it between my feet." Mr. Day died in 1767, in his eighty-fourth year merry and wise to the last, and, in the coffin he had fashioned, he was buried in the churchyard at Barkingside. The Fairlop Oak outlasted Mr. Day a great many years, but age and the fires made in its cavities by picnic parties ended its glorious career.

A "mine of Radium" is reported to have been discovered in the neighbourhood of Zaickau in Saxony. According to the report it is the richest yet known.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," which, Lady Constance Howard writes, "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Countess of Westmeath, Lady White Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning:—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap see that the same and figure head of Albion are on the wrapper. Sold by Chemists, Grocers, etc.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

PARIS FASHION.

Every day, says a correspondent in mail week, people are leaving Paris for the sea, the country, or the spas. But before they really take their departure they have many things to do in the way of farewells, household arrangements, and in that all-absorbing business of getting the right things to wear for the place to which they are going. In all the details which appertain to these unheavals of the domestic camp, Frenchwomen are very punctilious. They never leave things to chance, but make plans and follow them out with decision. The town house is closed with all due ceremony, the country or seaside house is opened in like manner, even the most modest menage moves in measured orderliness, although to the superficial observer there may be a good many untidy ends; but that is characteristic of the country. At bottom, however, all is in smooth working order, and when the country house is reached all will be ready for use, just as when, in the autumn the family come back to town, everything will be trim and neat in a very few days. The same rule applies to the wardrobe, and it is interesting to watch a Frenchwoman prepare her trunks, because she herself is so profoundly absorbed in the task. Her whole mind will bend to the matter in hand, and her natural love of daintiness shows itself in a hundred ways.

THE PERFECT PACKER.

She handles everything lightly, she uses up every inch of space, and she is prodigal in her use of tissue paper. She never begins to put things into the trunk until she knows just what she has to put in altogether, and thus can make a plan and follow it out. Fortunately now-a-days, dresses and blouses take up very little room and can be so folded as to come out quite fresh at the end of a journey. The smart little chiffon slips are ideal for this very reason also, and the slim petticoats with so few frills are most adaptable. The one and only thing which baffles one is the big hat! There is no possible way of avoiding the huge hat box and the only thing to do is to recognise the fact and submit to the law which says we must travel about with a Noah's Ark if we insist upon being in the fashion. Of course it is permissible to wear smaller hats, but now that the sun is scorching every day, and all the world is wearing light frocks it seems a natural thing to put on the big ones which the milliner insists upon selling. Besides, they really have a "raison d'etre" when it is so hot and shade is necessary.

USEFUL MANTELETS.

Very slowly long scarves are developing into mantles, and they are undoubtedly more useful in this form. I saw a charming one this week in painted chiffon over plain mauve chiffon edged with a ruche of very soft black chiffon. It formed a wide fichu over the shoulders, was caught into the waist behind by a buckle of old silver embroidery, and in front it fell in two long ends nearly to the feet, both ends being trimmed with motives of old silver embroidery like that with which the buckle was made. Another pretty idea was carried out in mole-coloured satin and cerise. Three bands of satin, the middle one being cerise, were shaped round the shoulders, forming a point behind, and in front they crossed at the waist and fell more than half way down the skirt, the ends being cut so as to fall in points. Others are just scarves drawn into motives of metal embroidery or beads between the shoulders, and again at the waist in front, but in all new models there is a suggestion of the mantle, and the quite straight scarf is "demode."

COLOURED MUSLIN DRESSES.

One sees more coloured muslin dresses this summer than usual, and they make charming spots of colour under the trees in the Bois de Boulogne, where every one goes to drink tea in these days. Pale blue lawn embroidered in white and trimmed on the shoulders with a soft white hemstitched sailor collar, is a charming combination, small blue buttons may be used as further trimmings and pale blue shoes embroidered to match, and worn with blue stockings make a pretty finish. A pale blue had covered with white embroidery, or embroidered to match the dress and trimmed with one huge pale pink rose, is becoming, and the whole thing looks extremely fresh and simple. Pink and white together are also worn a good deal, and many women are wearing cerise belts to white gowns; in fact, it is a long time since the Parisienne has been so inclined to gay apparel.

AT THE RACES.

Some very gorgeous toilettes have lately been seen at the races, the kind of thing which we shall see later at Trouville-Deauville. One woman was dressed in bright apple green silk with Pompadour roses woven into it, and on her shoulders a Marie Antoinette fichu of white mousseline trimmed with lace, her hat being in paille d'Italie trimmed with pale pink roses. The effect was quite eighteenth century, especially as the skirt more than inclined to fulness. Another striking toilette was in white voile covered with yellow chiffon embroidered richly in yellow silk flowers, and with it was worn a large white straw hat trimmed with yellow roses. The dearly-loved melange of cherry-coloured muslin over white satin was seen several times on the same day, but a big black hat seems necessary when the dress is so bright. A white silk dress with small spots of bright green and a white straw hat trimmed with green corn looked very well on a golden-haired girl, and an older woman also appeared to advantage in white chiffon richly trimmed with lace and very lightly touched with apple green ribbon, the hat worn with it being in white straw trimmed with white roses. So many women persist in having the brims of their light hats lined with black velvet, and I think they are right, for nothing looks softer near the face. The long taffetas race-coats are most attractive just now, and are made in all kinds of delicate colours. One woman was wearing a white lingerie dress, and over it a delicate shot green taffetas coat trimmed with tiny opal buttons, and in her hat she had pink roses. Black and cherry-colour were noticeable combinations this week, not seldom in stripes veiled with a mantle of black chiffon, and, after roses, sweet peas are certainly the favourite flowers for hat trimmings and for thrusting in the front of the dress. All the skirts of the new dresses are obstinately widening, and although a few mannequins still struggle along in tight garments, no one else does; consequently, at a "fashionable reunion," the women now look graceful and feminine once more. Let us hope no new horror awaits us in the autumn; at present I have heard of nothing novel except the suggestion of the swallow-tail coat for tailor-mades.

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Soft, Durable, Economical.

Obtainable in cream and latest colorings, from leading Hosiers and Stores, or name of nearest sent by
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SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

THE NIGHTINGALE.

The curiously restricted range of the nightingale in this country is one of the minor mysteries of bird migration. Speaking generally, a line from the mouth of the Tees, by Cheltonham to Exmouth, cuts off on the east the regions of the nightingale. Westwards of this line it has been recorded from South Wales and Cheshire. The coincidence of the above line with that which roughly separates the younger rock systems from the older, has led to a geological theory of the distribution of the nightingale. It has been suggested, that is to say, that the difference in the rocks—and, consequently, in vegetation and insect life—has determined the distribution of the bird.

OCCURRENCE IN WESTERN WALES.

In the current issue of the "Field" a correspondent indicates an interesting extension of the known range of the nightingale in Wales, and one which has an important bearing on the above theory. The nightingale is said to have been heard at Aberystwith on the west coast, Briton Ferry in the South Wales Coalfield, and Tregaron in Cardiganshire. If these records are confirmed the range of the nightingale is thus extended to 4 deg. west, and to the west coast. Nor do they fit in with the geological explanation of the nightingale's distribution. For Aberystwith and Tregaron are on Silurian Strata, and Briton Ferry is in the South Wales Coalfield. The writer of the note does not appear to speak from personal observation, but writes "I have information," and confirmation of such reports is much to be desired.

TURF AS A FILTER FOR SEWAGE.

Recent experiments in France, according to a note in the "Scientific American," indicate that turf makes an excellent material for a filter bed for sewage. Thus three or four cubic metres of sewage can be purified each day per square metre of turf. After being in use for some time, the turf filter shows no diminution of efficiency. If a larger quantity of sewage per metre is passed through in a given time the efficiency is lessened, but is recovered by resting. Chemical analysis of the purified sewage, and its effect on fish, show that the turf-filter is efficient in its work.

LARGEST KSOWN BIRD'S EGG.

The largest known bird's egg is that of the extinct aepyornis of Madagascer, of which the museum of New York has now a specimen. It has a capacity of two gallons, measures 26 inches round the middle, and the shell is 1-8 inch thick. The largest egg of a living bird is that of the ostrich, which is equal to about 36 hens' eggs. The egg of the aepyornis, however, is more than four times as large as that of an ostrich. The contents of the American subfossil specimen have become dust which can be shaken out through a small natural opening. The aepyornis was a bird peculiar to Madagascar, which became extinct a few centuries ago, probably through human agency.

WAS AEPYORNIS THE ROC?

It was first made known to Europe by an egg sent to Paris. Later some bones were found, and in 1851 Geoffroy St. Hilaire named it aepyornis. Three or four well-marked species have been determined, and are referred by naturalists to the ostrich family. The bones have been chiefly found in the drifted sands of southern Madagascar, but no complete skeleton has yet been met with. It is thought by some that this gigantic bird may have given rise to the fable of the roc. The natives used to use the egg-shells of aepyornis as household vessels.

AVIATION SICKNESS.

Horace Walpole, writing on the progress of aviation in his day, says: "If there were no air sickness, and I were to go to Paris again, I would prefer a balloon to the packet boat, and had as lief roost in an oak as sleep in a French inn, though I were to caw for my breakfast like the young ravens." And, as might be expected, the progress of aviation is developing its own peculiar sickness. Already this has come under the notice of the medical profession, and Dr. Dastre has been discourcing on the subject of air sickness before the French Academy. Aviators who fly high or come down quickly are specially subject to it. The symptoms are more severe than those experienced in balloons, and more or less resemble mountain sickness. On rising to a height of 5,000 feet the breath is shorter and the heart beats faster, through generally there is no palpitation. Above 6,000 feet there is buzzing in the ears. A serious symptom is a tendency to sleep.

CANDLE-POWER OF A LIGHT.

The intensity, or illuminating power, of a light is usually expressed in candle-power. The light is compared in some way with that given by a standard candle, that is one of a certain defined size and composition. If it is found to be equivalent to that given by 50 standard candles, it is said to be of 50 candle-power. For practical purposes this method is sufficient, but is perhaps hardly accurate enough for certain scientific investigations. Probably the new method of estimating the illuminating power of a source of light described by Mr. A. R. Houstoun in a paper read before the Royal Society is more fitted for delicate research.

DEFERMINED BY THERMOPILE.

In this method the illuminating power is determined by means of the thermopile. The heat and light rays from the source of light produce an electric current the intensity of which is measured by a galvanometer. If, however, the light is allowed to fall directly on the thermopile the numerous invisible rays which emanate from the source also produce their effect. So before falling on the instrument the light is made to pass through solutions of copper sulphate and potassium bichromate, by which the rays beyond the red and violet ends of the spectrum are sifted out. Thus only the actuall illuminating rays are measured.

PREHISTORIC SAURIAN.

At Gerschof, near Vienna, the monster skeleton of a prehistoric Saurian has been unearthed in a condition of wonderful preservation. Some skin, it is alleged, is still clinging to the bones. The skeleton, which is twelve yards in length, was discovered in the course of building operations. In digging for the foundations, come workmen came across some huge bones 18ft. below the surface. A careful excavation was immediately made with the result that the complete skeleton was revealed to view.

SNAKES AND PORCUPINES.

In the "Philosophical Transactions" for 1744 a gentleman in India relates having found a dead snake on an island near Bombay with the quills of a porcupine sticking through the ribs of its body. I think one may infer with some certainty, writes Major F. Wall, I.M.S., to the "Field," that the snake was a Python molurus. There is no other snake in India, unless it be the hamadryad (Naiaburyarus) that could swallow apdorcupine. The latter snake would be an extremely unlikely one to find at sea level near Bombay, and its food, so far as is known, is restricted to snakes and, monitor lizardt. The python is omnivorous and though I cannot put my finger on the reference, I am certain that I have read of at least one other example that had voided the quills of a porcupine. These were described as matted together in a ball having been softened during the process of a digestion, but subsequently regained their original consistency when exposed to the air.

THE will has been proved of the late Dr. Kolatchevsky, a South Russian millionaire, who left over £4,000,000. Apart from various legacies for the settlement of his affairs, he left the whole of his real and personal estate for the foundation and maintenance in perpetuity of an agricultural college in the south of Russia.

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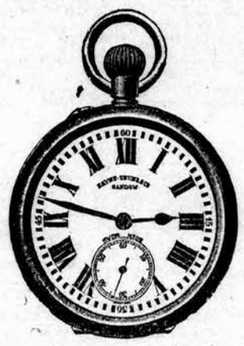

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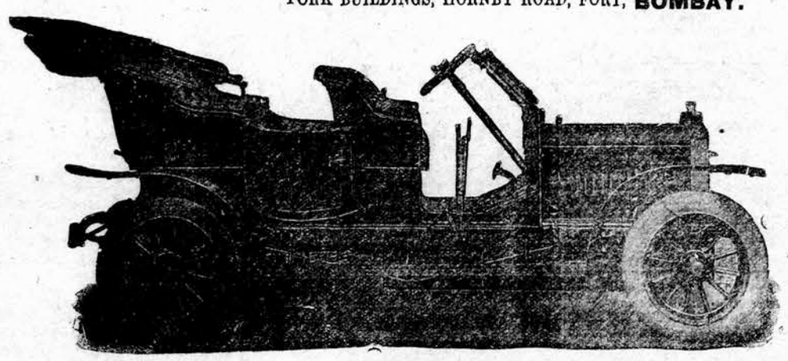

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Printed and Published for the Proprietors, "The Bombay Gazette," Limited, by N. L. MELLO, at the "Bombay Gazette," Electric Printing Works, No. 2 Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Sole Advertisements Agents in the United Kingdom Messrs. WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co., 92 Frenchurch-Street, London E.C.,